

OnTrack Core Fund

Advisor Class Shares OTRGX

PROSPECTUS

May 1, 2024

Adviser:

ADVISORS **PREFERRED**

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Sub-Adviser:



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The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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FUND SUMMARY

Investment Objective: OnTrack Core Fund (the “Fund”) seeks total return while keeping the Fund’s volatility and downside risk below that of major equity market indices.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund: This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Examples below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	2.50%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.03%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ⁽¹⁾	0.53%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses⁽¹⁾	3.31%

(1) Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are the indirect costs of investing in other investment companies. The Annual Fund Operating Expenses in this fee table will not correlate to the expense ratio in the Fund’s financial highlights because the financial statements include only the direct operating expenses incurred by the Fund.

Example: This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based upon these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$334	\$1,018	\$1,726	\$3,604

Portfolio Turnover: The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 575% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies: The Fund’s Adviser delegates execution of the Fund’s investment strategy to the Sub-Adviser. The Sub-Adviser will use a flexible investment approach that emphasizes capital preservation but allows the portfolio managers to adopt a less conservative posture and to increase emphasis on capital appreciation when they believe the additional risk is warranted by favorable market conditions. The Sub-Adviser seeks to achieve the Fund’s investment objective by investing long-or-short primarily in stocks, bonds and commodities using the Sub-adviser’s technical and risk control strategies. However, the Sub-Adviser may choose not to allocate Fund assets to each group, depending upon market conditions. The Sub-Adviser executes stock investments primarily through (1) individual stocks, (2) stock mutual funds, (3) stock exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”), (4) swap contracts on individual stocks, stock mutual funds and ETFs (5) stock index-based and sector-based futures contracts and (6) limited partnerships and limited liability companies (“pooled vehicles”). The Sub-Adviser executes bond investments primarily through (1) bond mutual funds, (2) bond ETFs and swap contracts on individual bond mutual funds and ETFs, and (3) pooled vehicles. The Sub-Adviser executes commodity investments primarily through (1) commodity ETFs, (2) commodity-linked exchange-traded notes (“ETNs”), (3) commodity-linked structured notes and (4) commodity futures contracts. The Fund limits its investment in privately placed pooled vehicles that are commonly known as hedge funds and excluded from the definition of investment company under Section 3(c)(1) or Section 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, (the “1940 Act”) to no more than 10% of Fund assets. The Fund may invest 100% of its assets in ETFs and or mutual funds. The Sub-Adviser seeks total return from capital appreciation and income from both dividends and interest payments.

The Fund invests without restriction as to issuer or counterparty country or capitalization and without restriction as to bond credit quality, maturity, issuer type or structure. These investments may include significant allocations to lower quality rated corporate debt commonly known as “junk bonds.” Junk bonds are generally rated lower than Baa3 by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. (“Moody’s”) or lower than BBB- by S&P Ratings (“S&P”). Bonds include mortgage-backed securities (“MBS”). The Sub-Adviser may invest in foreign countries including emerging markets. However, the Sub-Adviser focuses primarily on U.S. investments. The Sub-Adviser uses derivatives as substitutes for underlying assets and for risk management. The Fund does not invest more than 25% of its assets in swap contracts with any one counterparty. The Sub-Adviser takes short positions when it believes a specific asset or asset class will decline in price, or to manage (hedge) the price risk of the long positions in the Fund’s portfolio. When the Sub-Adviser believes market conditions are appropriate, the Fund may borrow money from banks to make additional portfolio investments. The Fund may borrow an amount equal to as much as one-third of the value of its total assets (which includes the amount borrowed). The Sub-Adviser engages in frequent trading to achieve the Fund’s investment objective, which results in turnover in excess of 100%. The Fund may, but is not required to be, fully invested; it may also be 100% in money market funds or other money market instruments as a defensive measure.

The Fund may use leverage achieved through the use of swaps and futures, as well as bank borrowings, and other instruments to leverage the returns of the Fund's portfolio to take advantage of market opportunities. However, these instruments may also be used for hedging purposes.

The Sub-Adviser's technical strategy is based on a form of technical analysis known as "chart analysis" that attempts to invest in up-trending assets that are expected to produce above average risk-adjusted returns. Up-trending assets are those with generally rising prices and down-trending assets are those with generally falling prices. The Sub-Adviser also uses this technique to take short positions in down-trending assets. The Sub-Adviser defines risk as expected return volatility and expected downside loss. Expected downside loss is also referred to as downside risk or drawdown risk.

The Sub-Adviser invests long in assets that it believes have up-trending prices and relatively attractive risk-adjusted returns; and invests short in assets that it believes have down-trending prices and relatively unattractive risk-adjusted returns, or to hedge portfolio risks. The Sub-Adviser sells long positions when it believes price trends or risk trends have become unattractive. The Sub-Adviser covers (buys back) short positions when price trends have turned neutral or up-trending, or risk trends have turned neutral, or when hedging is no longer needed.

Principal Investment Risks: As with all mutual funds, there is the risk that you could lose money through your investment in the Fund. The Fund is not intended to be a complete investment program. Many factors affect the Fund's net asset value and performance. The following risks apply to the Fund directly and indirectly through the Fund's investment in mutual funds, ETFs, and pooled vehicles.

Management Risk: The Sub-Adviser's reliance on its strategies and judgments about the attractiveness, value and potential appreciation of particular assets may prove to be incorrect and may not produce the desired results.

Bond Risk: Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of bonds. Current conditions may result in a rise in interest rates, which in turn may result in a decline in the value of the bond investments held by the Fund. As a result, for the present, interest rate risk may be heightened. The credit quality of securities may be lowered if an issuer's financial condition deteriorates, and issuers may default on their interest and/or principal payments.

Commodity Risk: Investing in the commodities markets may subject the Fund to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities. Commodity prices may be influenced by unfavorable weather, animal and plant disease, geologic and environmental factors as well as changes in government regulation such as tariffs, embargoes or burdensome production rules and restrictions.

Derivatives Risk: Derivatives are subject to tracking risk because they may not be perfect substitutes for the instruments they are intended to hedge or replace. Short positions are subject to potentially unlimited liability. Over the counter derivatives, such as swaps, are subject to counterparty default. Leverage inherent in derivatives, including futures contracts, will tend to magnify the Fund's losses.

Emerging Market Risk: Investing in emerging markets involves not only the risks described below with respect to investing in foreign securities, but also other risks, including exposure to economic structures that are generally less diverse and mature, limited availability and reliability of information material to an investment decision, and exposure to political systems that can be expected to have less stability than those of developed countries. The typically small size of the markets of securities of issuers located in emerging markets and the possibility of a low or nonexistent volume of trading in those securities may also result in a lack of liquidity and in price volatility of those securities.

Equity Risk: The Net Asset Value per share ("NAV") of the Fund will fluctuate based on changes in the value of the equity securities (common and preferred stocks) in which it invests. Equity prices can fall rapidly in response to developments affecting a specific company or industry, or to changing economic, political or market conditions. Preferred stocks typically decline in value when interest rates rise. Preferred stocks are also subject to credit risk because of the possibility that an issuer fail to make its preferred stock dividend payments.

Foreign Investment Risk: Foreign investments may be riskier than U.S. investments for many reasons, such as changes in currency exchange rates and unstable political, social, and economic conditions.

Junk Bond Risk: Lower-quality fixed income securities, known as "high yield" or "junk" bonds, present greater risk than bonds of higher quality, including an increased risk of default. These securities are considered speculative. Defaulted securities or those subject to reorganization proceeding may become worthless and are illiquid.

Leverage Risk: Derivatives magnify losses because they require only a small investment relative to their notional amount. Borrowing magnifies the potential for losses and exposes the Fund to interest expenses on money borrowed.

Market Risk: Overall investment market risks affect the value of the Fund. Factors such as economic growth and market conditions, interest rate levels, and political events affect the US and international investment markets. Additionally, unexpected local, regional, or global events, such as war; acts of terrorism; financial, political, or social disruptions; natural, environmental, or man-made disasters; the spread of infectious illnesses or other public health issues (such as the global pandemic coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)); and recessions and depressions could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments and may impair market liquidity. Such events can cause investor fear, which can adversely affect the economies of nations, regions, and the market in general, in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen.

Municipal Securities Risk: Changes in the financial health of a municipality may make it difficult for it to make interest and principal payments when due. A downgrade in the issuer’s or security’s credit rating can reduce the market value of the security. The value of municipal bonds that depend on a specific revenue source or general revenue source to fund their payment obligations may fluctuate as a result of changes in the cash flows generated by the revenue source(s) or changes in the priority of the municipal obligation to receive the cash flows generated by the revenue source(s). In addition, changes in federal tax laws or the activity of an issuer may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of municipal bonds.

Mortgage-Backed Security (“MBS”) Risk: MBS are subject to credit risk because underlying loan borrowers may default. Additionally, these securities are subject to prepayment risk because the underlying loans held by the issuers may be paid off prior to maturity.

Mutual Fund Risk, ETF Risk, ETN Risk and Pooled Vehicle Risk: Mutual funds, ETFs, ETNs and pooled vehicles involve duplication of investment advisory fees and certain other expenses. ETFs and ETNs are subject to brokerage and other trading costs, which could result in greater expenses to the Fund. Pooled vehicles will not have all the protections of the 1940 Act such as governance standards, limits on leverage and fees including the structure of performance-based managed fees.

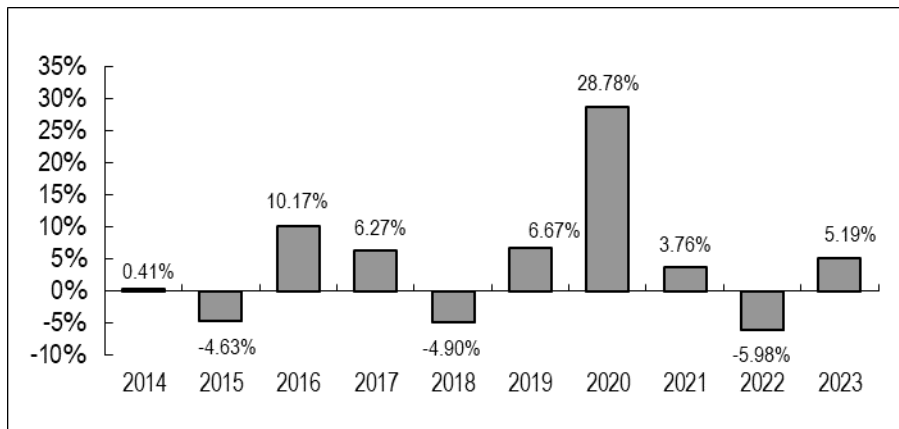
Short Position Risk: The Fund’s short positions may result in a loss if the price of the short position instruments rises, and it costs more to cover the short positions. In contrast to the Fund’s long positions for which the risk of loss is typically limited to the amount invested, the potential loss on the Fund’s short positions is unlimited.

Small and Medium Capitalization Stock Risk: The value of small or medium capitalization company stocks may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than larger, more established companies or the market averages in general.

Turnover Risk: A higher portfolio turnover may result in higher transactional and brokerage costs. The Fund’s portfolio turnover rate is expected to be above 100% annually.

Performance: The bar chart and performance table below show the variability of the Fund’s returns, which is some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows performance of the Fund’s Advisor Class shares for each full calendar year since the Fund’s inception. The performance table compares the performance of the Fund’s Advisor Class shares over time to the performance of a broad-based market index and two supplemental indexes. You should be aware that the Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) may not be an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Also, shareholder reports containing financial and performance information will be mailed to shareholders semi-annually. Updated performance information is available at no cost by visiting <https://www.ontrackcore.com> or by calling 1-855-747-9555.

**Advisor Class Performance Bar Chart
For Calendar Years Ended December 31:**



Best Quarter	6/30/2020	17.12%
Worst Quarter	12/31/2018	(4.93)%

Performance Table
Average Annual Total Returns
(For periods ended December 31, 2023)

Advisor Class	1 Year	Five Years	10 Years
Return Before Taxes	5.19%	7.11%	4.16%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	5.19%	6.34%	2.78%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	3.07%	5.25%	2.57%
Bloomberg U.S. 1-3 Month Treasury Bill Index ⁽¹⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	5.14%	1.87%	1.23%
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index ⁽²⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	5.53%	1.10%	1.81%
S&P 500 Total Return Index ⁽³⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	26.29%	15.69%	12.03%

- (1) The Bloomberg 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index includes all publicly issued U.S. Treasury Bills that have a remaining maturity of less than 3 months and more than 1 month, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.
- (2) The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is an unmanaged index comprised of U.S. investment grade, fixed market securities, including government agency, corporate and mortgage-backed securities. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.
- (3) The S&P 500 Total Return Index is an unmanaged composite of 500 large capitalization companies and includes the reinvestment of dividends. This index is widely used by professional investors as a performance benchmark for large-cap stocks. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

After-tax returns were calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Fund through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Investment Adviser: Advisors Preferred LLC (the "Adviser")

Sub-Adviser: Price Capital Management, Inc. (the "Sub-Adviser")

Sub-Adviser Portfolio Managers: Michael L. Price, President of the "Sub-Adviser, and W. Lee Harris, Jr., Chief Compliance Officer of the Sub-Adviser have served the Fund as its portfolio managers since it commenced operations in 2013.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares: You may purchase and redeem shares of the Fund on any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading by written request or by telephone. The minimum initial investment in the Fund is \$1,000. The minimum subsequent investment in the Fund is \$500. The Fund, Adviser or Sub-Adviser may waive any investment minimum.

Tax Information: Dividends and capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund, whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Fund shares or receive them in cash, are taxable to you at either ordinary income or capital gains tax rates unless you are investing through a tax-deferred plan such as an IRA or 401(k) Plan. However, These Dividend and Capital Gain Distributions may be taxable upon their eventual withdrawal from tax-deferred plans.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries: If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RELATED RISKS

Investment Objective:

The Fund's investment objective is total return while keeping the Fund's volatility and downside risk below that of major equity market indices. The Fund's investment objective may be changed by the Fund's Board of Trustees (the "Board" or "Trustees") upon 60 days' written notice to shareholders.

Principal Investment Strategies:

The Sub-Adviser uses a flexible investment approach that emphasizes capital preservation but allows the portfolio managers to adopt a less conservative posture and to increase emphasis on capital appreciation when they believe the additional risk is warranted by favorable market conditions. The Sub-Adviser seeks to achieve the Fund's investment objective by investing long-or-short primarily in stocks, bonds and commodities using the Sub-Adviser's technical and risk control strategies. Portfolio composition will vary significantly depending on the Sub-Adviser's assessment of asset classes over time.

Technical and Risk Control Strategies:

While the Sub-Adviser primarily relies on the use of chart analysis in an attempt to invest in up-trending assets that are producing above average risk-adjusted returns, it is also an advocate of modifying selection techniques as market conditions change. The market constantly changes, and the Sub-Adviser believes that the successful investor must be prepared to change and adapt to an ever-changing market environment. The Sub-Adviser may modify its selection techniques in the future if market conditions change. The Sub-Adviser recognizes that asset selection strategies may be more important than market timing but may use both concepts in an effort to reduce risk and increase risk-adjusted returns. Risk control will be achieved through allocating across asset classes, active trading and close monitoring of market and economic conditions. Positions will be monitored daily, and the Sub-Adviser will take action as appropriate to maintain portfolio risk within appropriate limits. When economic or market conditions warrant, the Fund may invest all or part of its assets in money market funds.

Principal Investment Risks:

Management Risk: The Sub-Adviser's reliance on its value strategy and its judgments about the value and potential appreciation of securities in which the Fund invests may prove to be incorrect. The ability of the Fund to meet its investment objective is directly related to the Sub-Adviser's proprietary investment process. The Sub-Adviser's assessment of the relative value of securities and their attractiveness and potential appreciation of particular investments in which the Fund invests may prove to be incorrect and there is no guarantee that the Sub-Adviser's investment strategy will produce the desired results.

Bond Risk: When the Fund invests in fixed income securities, the value of your investment in the Fund will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of fixed income securities. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will increase or decrease more in response to changes in interest rates than shorter-term securities. Current conditions may result in a rise in interest rates, which in turn may result in a decline in the value of the bond investments held by the Fund. As a result, for the present, interest rate risk may be heightened. Other risk factors include credit risk (the debtor may default) and prepayment risk (the debtor may pay its obligation early, reducing the amount of interest payments). These risks could affect the value of a particular investment, possibly causing the Fund's share price and total return to be reduced and fluctuate more than other types of investments.

Commodity Risk: The Fund's exposure to the commodities markets may subject the Fund to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities. The value of commodity-linked derivative instruments, commodity-based ETFs and ETNs may be affected by changes in overall market movements, commodity index volatility, changes in interest rates, or sectors affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as drought, floods, weather, livestock disease, embargoes, tariffs, and international economic, political, and regulatory developments.

Derivatives Risk: The Fund may use swaps and futures to enhance returns or hedge against market declines. The Fund's use of derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. These risks include (i) the risk that the counterparty to a derivative transaction may not fulfill its contractual obligations; (ii) risk of mispricing or improper valuation; and (iii) the risk that changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate, or index. Derivative prices are highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially during a short period of time. Such prices are influenced by numerous factors that affect the markets, including, but not limited to changing supply and demand relationships; government programs and policies; national and international political and economic events, changes in interest rates, inflation and deflation and changes in supply and demand relationships. Trading derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities. Derivative contracts ordinarily have leverage inherent in their terms. The low margin deposits normally required in trading derivatives, including futures contracts, permit a high degree of leverage. Accordingly, a relatively small price movement may result in an immediate and substantial loss to the Fund. The use of leverage may also cause the Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it would not be advantageous to do so in order to satisfy its obligations or to meet collateral segregation requirements. The use of leveraged derivatives can magnify the Fund's potential for loss and, therefore, amplify the effects of market volatility on the Fund's share price.

Emerging Market Risk: The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in countries with newly organized or less developed securities markets. There are typically greater risks involved in investing in emerging markets securities. Generally, economic structures in these countries are less diverse and mature than those in developed countries and their political systems tend to be less stable. Emerging market economies may be based on only a few industries, therefore security issuers, including governments, may be more susceptible to economic weakness and more likely to default. Emerging market countries also may have relatively unstable governments, weaker economies, and less-developed legal systems with fewer security holder rights. Investments in emerging market countries may be affected by government policies that restrict foreign investment in certain issuers or industries. The potentially smaller size of their securities markets and lower trading volumes can make investments relatively illiquid and potentially more volatile than investments in developed countries, and such securities may be subject to abrupt and severe price declines. Due to this relative lack of liquidity, the Fund may have to accept a lower price or may not be able to sell a portfolio security at all. An inability to sell a portfolio position can adversely affect the Fund's value or prevent the Fund from being able to meet cash obligations or take advantage of other investment opportunities.

Equity Risk: The net asset value per share ("NAV") of the Fund will fluctuate based on changes in the value of the securities (common and preferred stocks) in which the Fund invests. The Fund's investments in equity securities are more volatile and carry more risk than some other forms of investments. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of economic or political changes. Stock prices, in general, may decline over short or even extended periods of time, and tend to be more volatile than other investment choices. Market prices of equity securities in broad market segments may be adversely affected by a prominent issuer having experienced losses or by the lack of earnings or such an issuer's failure to meet the market's expectations with respect to new products or services, or even by factors wholly unrelated to the value or condition of the issuer, such as changes in interest rates. Preferred stocks are subject not only to risks generally applicable to equity securities, but also certain risks associated with debt securities, such as rising interest rate risk. Preferred stock generally pays dividends only after the company makes required payments to creditors, counterparties, and holders of its debt securities. The value of preferred stock may react more strongly than debt to actual or perceived changes in the company's financial condition. Preferred stock may be less liquid than common stock, and generally has limited or no voting rights. Preferred stock is subject to the risks that a company may defer or not pay dividends, and, in certain situations, may call or redeem its preferred stock.

Foreign Investment Risk: Foreign investments may be riskier than U.S. investments for many reasons, including changes in currency exchange rates; unstable political, social and economic conditions; possible security illiquidity; a lack of adequate or accurate company information; differences in the way securities markets operate; less secure foreign banks or securities depositories than those in the U.S.; less standardization of accounting standards and market regulations in certain foreign countries; and varying foreign controls on investments. Because the Fund can make foreign investments, its share price may be more affected by foreign economic and political conditions, taxation policies and accounting and auditing standards than would otherwise be the case. These risks are more pronounced in emerging market countries.

Junk Bond Risk: Lower-quality fixed income securities, known as "high yield" or "junk" bonds, present a significant risk for loss of principal and interest. These securities are considered speculative. These bonds offer the potential for higher return, but also involve greater risk than bonds of higher quality, including an increased possibility that a bond's issuer, obligor, or guarantor may not be able to make its payments of interest and principal (credit quality risk). If that happens, the value of the bond may decrease, and the Fund's share price may decrease, and its income distribution may be reduced. An economic downturn or period of rising interest rates (interest rate risk) could adversely affect the market for these bonds and reduce the Fund's ability to sell its bonds (liquidity risk). Such securities may also include "Rule 144A" securities, which are subject to resale restrictions. The lack of a liquid market for these bonds could decrease the Fund's share price. Defaulted securities, those subject to a reorganization including bankruptcy court protection may become worthless, completely illiquid, or subject to lengthy legal proceedings that will delay the resolution of their value, if any.

Leverage Risk: Derivatives such as futures and swaps also magnify losses because they require only a small investment relative to their notional amount. Borrowing magnifies the potential for loss of the Fund, and therefore increases the possibility of a fluctuation in the Fund's NAV. This is the speculative factor known as leverage. Because the Fund's investments will fluctuate in value, whereas the interest obligations on borrowed funds may be fixed, during times of borrowing, the Fund's NAV may tend to increase more when its investments increase in value and decrease more when its investments decrease in value. Unless profits on assets acquired with borrowed funds exceed the costs of borrowing, the use of borrowing will diminish the investment performance of the Fund compared with what it would have been without borrowing.

Market Risk: Overall investment market risks affect the value of the Fund. Factors such as economic growth and market conditions, interest rate levels, and political events affect the US and international investment markets. When the value of the Fund's investments goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value and you could lose money.

For example, the COVID-19 global pandemic and the aggressive responses taken by many governments, including closing borders, restricting international and domestic travel, and the imposition of prolonged quarantines or similar restrictions, as well as the forced or voluntary closure of, or operational changes to, many retail and other businesses, has had negative impacts, and in many cases severe negative impacts, on markets worldwide. COVID-19 negatively affected the worldwide economy, as well as the economies of individual countries, the financial health of individual companies and the market in general in significant and unforeseen ways. Any such impact from a similar worldwide outbreak could adversely affect the Fund's performance and the performance of the securities in which the Fund invests. During an outbreak, the Fund could lose money over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns.

Market events such as these and other types of market events may cause significant declines in the values and liquidity of many securities and other instruments, and significant disruptions to global business activity and financial markets. Turbulence in financial markets, and reduced liquidity in equity, credit and fixed-income markets may negatively affect many issuers both domestically and around the world, and can result in trading halts, any of which could have an adverse impact on the Fund. During periods of market volatility, security prices (including securities held by the Fund) could change drastically and rapidly, and therefore adversely affect the Fund.

Mortgage Back Securities Risk: Mortgage Backed Securities ("MBS") are subject to credit risk because underlying loan borrowers may default. MBS default rates tend to be sensitive to overall economic conditions and to localized property vacancy rates and prices. Certain individual securities may be more sensitive to default rates because payments may be subordinated to other securities of the same issuer. Additionally, MBS are subject to prepayment risk because the underlying loans held by the issuers may be paid off prior to maturity. The value of these securities may go down as a result of changes in prepayment rates on the underlying mortgages or loans. During periods of declining interest rates, prepayment rates usually increase, and the Fund may have to reinvest prepayment proceeds at a lower interest rate.

Municipal Securities Risk: Changes in the financial health of a municipality may make it difficult for it to make interest and principal payments when due. A downgrade in an issuer's or security's credit rating can reduce the market value of the security. The value of municipal bonds that depend on a specific revenue source or general revenue source to fund their payment obligations may fluctuate as a result of changes in the cash flows generated by the revenue source(s) or changes in the priority of the municipal obligation to receive the cash flows generated by the revenue source(s). Municipal revenue obligation debt issuers may experience shortfalls in revenues, such as sales taxes, fuel taxes, or hotel occupancy taxes, generated by the particular project being financed. The Fund may be more sensitive to adverse economic, business, or political developments if it invests a substantial portion of its assets in the bonds of similar projects (such as those relating to education, health care, housing, transportation, and utilities), industrial development bonds, or in bonds from issuers in a single state. In addition, changes in federal tax laws or the activity of an issuer may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of municipal bonds. The municipal securities market could be significantly affected by adverse political and legislative changes or litigation at the federal or state level, as well as uncertainties related to taxation or the rights of municipal security holders.

Mutual Fund Risk, ETF Risk, ETN Risk and Pooled Vehicle Risk: Mutual funds, ETFs, ETNs and pooled vehicles involve duplication of investment advisory fees and certain other expenses. In addition, because ETFs and ETNs are listed on national stock exchanges and are traded like equity securities listed on an exchange, ETF and ETN shares potentially trade at a discount or a premium. Investments in ETFs and ETNs are also subject to brokerage and other trading costs, which could result in greater expenses to a Fund. Mutual funds, ETFs, ETNs and pooled vehicles are subject to strategy risks depending on the nature of the fund. Pooled vehicles will not have all the protections of the 1940 Act such as governance standards, limits on leverage and fees including the structure of performance-based managed fees. Pooled vehicles may be, or become illiquid.

Short Position Risk: The Fund's long positions could decline in value at the same time that the value of the short positions increases, thereby increasing the Fund's overall potential for loss. The Fund's short positions may result in a loss if the price of the short position instruments rises, and it costs more to cover the short positions. In contrast to the Fund's long positions, for which the risk of loss is typically limited to the amount invested, the potential loss on the Fund's short positions is unlimited. Market factors may prevent the Fund from closing out a short position at the most desirable time or at a favorable price.

Small and Medium Capitalization Stock Risk: The stocks of small and medium capitalization companies involve substantial risk. These companies may have limited product lines, markets, or financial resources, and they may be dependent on a limited management group. Stocks of these companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than those of larger, more established companies or the market averages in general.

Turnover Risk: A higher portfolio turnover may result in higher transactional and brokerage costs associated with the turnover, which may reduce the Fund's return unless the securities traded can be bought and sold without corresponding commission costs. Active trading of securities may also increase the Fund's realized capital gains or losses, which may affect the taxes you pay as a Fund shareholder. The Fund's portfolio turnover rate is expected to be above 100% annually.

Liquidity Program: The Fund may participate in the ReFlow Fund, LLC (“ReFlow”) liquidity program, which is designed to provide an alternative liquidity source for mutual funds experiencing net redemptions of their shares. Pursuant to the program, ReFlow provides participating mutual funds with a source of cash to meet net shareholder redemptions by standing ready each business day to purchase Fund shares up to the value of the net shares redeemed by other shareholders that are to settle the next business day. Following purchases of Fund shares, ReFlow then generally redeems those shares when the Fund experiences net sales, at the end of a maximum holding period determined by ReFlow (currently 28 days) or at other times at ReFlow’s discretion. While ReFlow holds Fund shares, it will have the same rights and privileges with respect to those shares as any other shareholder. ReFlow will periodically redeem its entire share position in the Fund and request that such redemption be met in kind in accordance with the Fund’s redemption in kind policies described under “HOW TO REDEEM SHARES” below. For use of the ReFlow service, the Fund pays a fee to ReFlow each time it purchases Fund shares, calculated by applying to the purchase amount a fee rate determined through an automated daily auction among participating mutual funds. The minimum fee rate is 0.25% of the value of the Fund shares purchased by ReFlow although the Fund may submit a bid at a higher fee rate if it determines that doing so is in the best interest of Fund shareholders. During periods of low market liquidity, fees paid to ReFlow may be higher, but cannot be meaningfully estimated. ReFlow’s purchases of Fund shares through the liquidity program are made on an investment-blind basis without regard to the Fund’s objective, policies, or anticipated performance. ReFlow purchases will not be subject to any investment minimum applicable to such shares. Investments in the Fund by ReFlow in connection with the ReFlow liquidity program are not subject to the market timing limitation described in “FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF FUND SHARES” below. The investment Adviser and Sub-Adviser believe that the program assists in stabilizing the Fund’s net assets to the benefit of the Fund and its shareholders. To the extent a Fund’s net assets do not decline, the investment Adviser and Sub-Adviser may also benefit.

Temporary Investments: To respond to adverse markets, economic, political, or other conditions, the Fund may invest 100% of its total assets, without limitation, in high-quality short-term debt securities, money market instruments and cash. These short-term debt securities and money market instruments include shares of money market mutual funds, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bankers’ acceptances, U.S. Government securities and repurchase agreements. While the Fund is in a defensive position, the opportunity to achieve its investment objective will be limited. Furthermore, to the extent that the Fund invests in money market mutual funds for cash positions, there will be some duplication of expenses because the Fund pays its pro-rata portion of such money market funds’ advisory fees and operational fees. The Fund may also invest a substantial portion of its assets in such instruments or cash at any time to maintain liquidity or pending selection of investments in accordance with its policies.

Portfolio Holdings Disclosure: A description of the Fund’s policies regarding the release of portfolio holdings information is available in the Fund’s Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”).

Cybersecurity: The computer systems, networks and devices used by the Fund and its service providers to carry out routine business operations employ a variety of protections designed to prevent damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunication failures, infiltration by unauthorized persons and security breaches. Despite the various protections utilized by the Fund and its service providers, systems, networks, or devices potentially can be breached. The Fund and shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of a cybersecurity breach. Cybersecurity breaches can include unauthorized access to systems, networks, or devices; infection from computer viruses or other malicious software code; and attacks that slowdown, disable, slow, or otherwise disrupt operations, business processes, or website access or functionality. Cybersecurity breaches may cause disruptions and impact the Fund’s business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses; interference with the Fund’s ability to calculate NAV; impediments to trading; the inability of the Fund, the Adviser, the Sub-Adviser, and other service providers to transact business; violations of applicable privacy and other laws; regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs; as well as the inadvertent release of confidential information.

Similar adverse consequences could result from cybersecurity breaches affecting issuers of securities in which the Fund invests; counterparties with which the Fund engages in transactions: governmental and other regulatory authorities; exchange and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, and other financial institutions (including financial intermediaries and service providers for the Fund’s shareholders); and other parties. In addition, substantial costs may be incurred by these entities in order to prevent any cybersecurity breaches in the future.

MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser: Advisors Preferred LLC (“Advisors Preferred”), located at 1445 Research Blvd., Suite 530, Rockville, MD 20850, serves as investment adviser to the Fund. Subject to the authority of the Board, the Adviser is responsible for management of the Fund’s investment portfolio directly or through a sub-adviser. Advisors Preferred is responsible for assuring the Fund’s investments are selected according to the Fund’s investment objective, policies, and restrictions. Advisors Preferred was formed in 2011 and commencing 2012, provides investment advisory services to mutual funds. As of December 31, 2023, Advisors Preferred had approximately \$1.6 billion in assets under management. Pursuant to an advisory agreement between the Fund and the Adviser, the Adviser is entitled to receive, on a monthly basis, an annual advisory fee equal to 2.50% of the Fund’s average daily net assets. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 the Adviser earned fees at this rate. The Adviser pays all operating expenses of the Fund, with the exception of shareholder servicing fees, acquired fund fees and expenses, brokerage fees and commissions, borrowing costs (such as interest and dividends on securities sold short, if any), certain SEC reporting and liquidity program costs, taxes, and extraordinary expenses. After paying operating expenses, the Adviser retains 0.35% and then pays the remainder to the Sub-Adviser.

Sub-Adviser: Price Capital Management, Inc., (“Price Capital”) located at 85 Chanteclair Circle, Gulf Breeze, FL 32561, serves as investment sub-adviser to the Fund. Subject to the authority and oversight of the Board and the Adviser, the Sub-Adviser is responsible for management of the Fund’s investment portfolio. Price Capital has over ten years of experience providing investment advisory services to pooled investment vehicles. As of December 31, 2023, Price Capital had over \$ million in assets under management. Pursuant to a sub-advisory agreement between the Adviser and the Sub-Adviser, the Price Capital is entitled to receive from the Adviser (not the Fund), on a monthly basis, a fee as described above.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Trustees’ approval of the advisory agreement and sub-advisory agreement is available in the Fund’s semi-annual shareholder report for the period ended June 30, 2023.

Sub-Adviser Portfolio Managers:

Michael L. Price has served as President of Price Capital since he founded the company in 1997. Mr. Price served in the US Navy from 1963 – 1994. After graduating from Auburn University in 1971 with a degree in Applied Physics, he was commissioned an ensign and sent to flight training. After 32 years of service, including 23 years of commissioned services as a Navy pilot, he retired as a Captain (O-6). During this commissioned service, he earned advanced degrees in Systems Management from the University of Southern California, and National Security and Strategic Studies from the Naval War College. In 1993, he formed Investors OnTrack, Inc., to provide training for high-net-worth individual investors and professional investors, with an emphasis on technical analysis. In 1995, he began publishing the OnTrack Report, a weekly newsletter for mutual fund investors. In 1997, he formed Price Capital to manage individual accounts using mutual funds. In 2000, he formed two hedge funds and began the transition to hedge fund management. Price Capital currently manages four hedge funds in addition to the OnTrack Core Fund using a similar investment strategy. However, the OnTrack Core Fund is not a hedge fund.

W. Lee Harris, Jr. has served as Chief Compliance Officer of Price Capital since February 2012. Additionally, Mr. Harris serves as President of Lee Harris Capital Management, Inc., a position held since 2004. Mr. Harris served in the US Navy from 1974-2004. He earned a Mathematics degree from the United States Naval Academy in 1974, and a master’s in business administration from the University of North Florida in 1981. After his retirement from 30 years of service in 2004, he established Lee Harris Capital Management, Inc., to provide separate account management to individual investors.

The Fund’s SAI provides additional information about the Portfolio Managers’ compensation structure, other accounts managed by the Portfolio Managers, and the Portfolio Managers’ ownership of shares of the Fund.

HOW SHARES ARE PRICED

Shares of the Fund are sold at NAV. The NAV of the Fund is determined at close of regular trading (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) on each day the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for business. NAV is computed by determining, on a per class basis, the aggregate market value of all assets of the Fund, less its liabilities, divided by the total number of shares outstanding ((assets-liabilities)/number of shares = NAV). The NYSE is closed on weekends and New Year’s Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents’ Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. The NAV takes into account, on a per class basis, the expenses and fees of the Fund, including management, administration, and distribution fees, which are accrued daily. The determination of NAV for a share class for a particular day is applicable to all applications for the purchase of shares, as well as all requests for the redemption of shares, received by the Fund (or an authorized broker or agent, or its authorized designee) before the close of trading on the NYSE on that day.

Generally, the Fund’s securities are valued each day at the last quoted sales price on each security’s primary exchange. Securities traded or dealt in upon one or more securities exchanges (whether domestic or foreign) for which market quotations are readily available and not subject to restrictions against resale shall be valued at the last quoted sales price on the primary exchange or, in the absence of a sale on the primary exchange, at the mean between the current bid ask prices on such exchanges. Securities primarily traded in the National Association of Securities Dealers’ Automated Quotation System (“NASDAQ”) National Market System for which market quotations are readily available shall be valued using the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Securities that are not traded or dealt in any securities exchange (whether domestic or foreign) and for which over-the-counter market quotations are readily available generally shall be valued at the last sale price or, in the absence of a sale, at the mean between the current bid and ask price on such over-the-counter market. Debt securities not traded on an exchange may be valued at prices supplied by a pricing agent(s) based on broker or dealer supplied valuations or matrix pricing, a method of valuing securities by reference to the value of other securities with similar characteristics, such as rating, interest rate and maturity.

If market quotations are not readily available, securities will be valued at their fair market value as determined using the “fair value” procedures approved by the Board. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments, and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different from the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security. The fair value prices can differ from market prices when they become available or when a price becomes available. The Board has delegated execution of these procedures to a fair value team composed of one or more officers from each of the (i) Trust, (ii) administrator, and (iii) Adviser and/or Sub-Adviser. The team may also enlist third party consultants such as an audit firm or financial officer of a security issuer on an as-needed basis to assist in determining a security-specific fair value. The Board reviews and ratifies the execution of this process and the resultant fair value prices at least quarterly to ensure the process produces reliable results.

The Fund may use independent pricing services to assist in calculating the value of the Fund’s securities. In addition, market prices for foreign securities are not determined at the same time of day as the NAV for the Fund. Because the Fund may invest in underlying ETFs which hold portfolio securities primarily listed on foreign exchanges, and these exchanges may trade on weekends or other days when the underlying ETFs do not price their shares, the value of some of the Fund’s portfolio securities may change on days when you may not be able to buy or sell Fund shares.

In computing the NAV, the Fund values foreign securities held by the Fund at the latest closing price on the exchange in which they are traded immediately prior to closing of the NYSE. Prices of foreign securities quoted in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current rates. If events materially affecting the value of a security in the Fund’s portfolio, particularly foreign securities, occur after the close of trading on a foreign market but before the Fund prices its shares, the security will be valued at fair value. For example, if trading in a portfolio security is halted and does not resume before the Fund calculates its NAV, the Adviser may need to price the security using the Fund’s fair value pricing guidelines. Without a fair value price, short-term traders could take advantage of the arbitrage opportunity and dilute the NAV of long-term investors. Fair valuation of the Fund’s portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short-term traders, but there is no assurance that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of the Fund’s NAV by short term traders. The determination of fair value involves subjective judgments. As a result, using fair value to price a security may result in a price materially different from the prices used by other mutual funds to determine NAV, or from the price that may be realized upon the actual sale of the security.

With respect to any portion of the Fund’s assets that are invested in one or more open-end management investment companies registered under the 1940 Act, the Fund’s NAV is calculated based upon the NAV of those open-end management investment companies, and the prospectuses for these companies explain the circumstances under which those companies will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing.

HOW TO PURCHASE SHARES

Share Classes: This Prospectus describes the Advisor Class of shares offered by the Fund. Investor Class shares of the Fund are sold by a separate prospectus. Each class of shares in the Fund represents an interest in the same portfolio of investments held by the Fund. However, not all share classes may be available for purchase in all states.

Purchasing Shares: The Fund reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to suspend the offering of shares or to reject purchase orders when, in the judgment of management, such suspension or rejection is in the best interests of the Fund. Subject to the Board's discretion, the Adviser and Sub-Adviser will monitor the Fund's total assets and may decide to close the Fund to new investments or to new accounts due to concerns that a significant increase in the size of the Fund may adversely affect the implementation of the Fund's strategy.

If the Fund closes to new investments, generally the Fund would be offered only to certain existing shareholders of the Fund and certain other persons, including (a) fee-based advisory model programs or financial advisors who manage fee-based wrap accounts that systematically trade in and out of the Fund based on model portfolio allocations; (b) persons who already hold shares of the Fund directly or through accounts maintained by financial intermediaries; (c) existing and future clients of registered investment Advisers and planners whose clients already hold shares of the Fund on transaction fee and non-transaction fee platforms; (d) employees of the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser and their spouses, parents and children; (e) Trustees of Advisors Preferred Trust; and (f) defined contribution retirement plans of private employers and governed by ERISA or of state and local governments.

Except as otherwise noted, these restrictions apply to investments made directly with the Fund through its transfer agent, investments made indirectly through financial institutions and investments made indirectly through financial intermediaries. Once an account is closed, additional investments will not be accepted unless you are one of the investors listed above. Investors may be required to demonstrate eligibility to purchase shares of the Fund before an investment is accepted. Fund management reserves the right to (i) make additional exceptions that, in its judgment, do not adversely affect its ability to manage the Fund, (ii) reject any investment or refuse any exception, including those detailed above, that it believes will adversely affect its ability to manage the Fund, and (iii) close and re-open the Fund to new or existing shareholders at any time.

You may purchase shares of the Fund by sending a completed application form to the following address:

<i>Regular Mail</i> OnTrack Core Fund c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC P.O. Box 541150 Omaha, Nebraska 68154	<i>Express/Overnight Mail</i> OnTrack Core Fund c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, , LLC 4221 North 203 rd Street, Suite 100 Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-3474
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The USA PATRIOT Act requires financial institutions, including the Fund, to adopt certain policies and programs to prevent money-laundering activities, including procedures to verify the identity of customers opening new accounts. As requested on the application, you should supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. Mailing addresses containing a P.O. Box will not be accepted. This information will assist the Fund in verifying your identity. Until such verification is made, the Fund may temporarily limit additional share purchases. In addition, the Fund may limit additional share purchases or close an account if it is unable to verify a shareholder's identity. As required by law, the Fund may employ various procedures, such as comparing the information to fraud databases or requesting additional information or documentation from you, to ensure that the information supplied by you is correct.

Automatic Investment Plan: You may participate in the Fund's Automatic Investment Plan, an investment plan that automatically moves money from your bank account and invests it in the Fund through the use of electronic funds transfers or automatic bank drafts. You may elect to make subsequent investments by transferring a minimum of \$500.00 on specified days of each month into your established Fund account. Please contact the Fund toll-free at 1-855-747-9555 for more information about the Fund's Automatic Investment Plan.

Purchase through Brokers: You may invest in the Fund through brokers or agents who have entered into selling agreements with the Fund's distributor. The brokers and agents are authorized to receive purchase and redemption orders on behalf of the Fund. Such brokers are authorized to designate other intermediaries to receive purchase and redemption orders on the Fund's behalf. The Fund will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker or its designee receives the order. The broker or agent may set their own initial and subsequent investment minimums. You may be charged a fee if you use a broker or agent to buy or redeem shares of the Fund. Finally, various servicing agents use procedures and impose restrictions that may be in addition to, or different from, those applicable to investors purchasing shares directly from the Fund. You should carefully read the program materials provided to you by your servicing agent.

Purchase by Wire: If you wish to wire money to make an investment in the Fund, please call the Fund toll-free at 1-855-747-955 for wiring instruction and to notify the Fund that a wire transfer is coming. Any commercial bank can transfer same-day funds via wire. The Fund will normally accept wired funds for investment on the day received if they are received by the Fund's designated bank before the close of regular trading on the NYSE. Your bank may charge you a fee for wiring same-day funds.

Automated Clearing House (ACH) Purchase: Current shareholders may purchase additional shares via Automated Clearing House ("ACH"). To have this option added to your account, please send a letter to the Fund requesting this option and supply a voided check for the bank account. Only bank accounts held at domestic institutions that are ACH members may be used for these transactions. You may not use ACH transactions for your initial purchase of Fund shares. ACH purchases will be effective at the closing price per share on the business day after the order is placed. The Fund may alter, modify, or terminate this purchase option at any time. Shares purchased by ACH will not be available for redemption until the transactions have cleared. Shares purchased via ACH transfer may take up to 15 days to clear.

Minimum and Additional Investment Amounts: You can open an account with a minimum initial investment of \$1,000 and make additional investments, with a minimum of \$500 at any time. There is no minimum investment requirement when you are buying shares by reinvesting dividends and distributions from the Fund. The Fund, the Adviser, and the Sub-Adviser each reserves the right to waive any investment minimum.

The Fund, however, reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any application to purchase shares. Applications will not be accepted unless they are accompanied by a check drawn on a U.S. bank, thrift institutions, or credit union in U.S. funds for the full amount of the shares to be purchased. After you open an account, you may purchase additional shares by sending a check together with written instructions stating the name(s) on the account and the account number, to the above address. Make all checks payable to the Fund. The Fund will not accept payment in cash, including cashier's checks or money orders. Also, to prevent check fraud, the Fund will not accept "starter" checks, travelers' checks, credit card checks, post-dated checks, or non U.S. financial institution checks, for the purchase of shares. Redemptions of Shares of the Fund purchased by check may be subject to a hold period until the check has been cleared by the issuing bank. To avoid such holding periods, Shares may be purchased through a broker or by wire, as described in this section.

Note: Ultimus Fund Services, LLC, the Fund's transfer agent, will charge a \$25 fee against a shareholder's account, in addition to any loss sustained by the Fund, for any check or electronic payment returned to the transfer agent for insufficient funds.

For shareholder account funds and/or transfers into the Fund, the Fund may accept securities in lieu of cash at the discretion of the Adviser or Sub-Adviser. There may be black-out periods such as near the end of a fiscal quarter or other holding or reporting periods where the Adviser or Sub-Adviser may refuse to accept securities into the Fund from new or existing Shareholders. Any tax issues resulting from the exchange of securities into the Fund in lieu of cash are the responsibility of the shareholder.

When Order is Processed: All shares will be purchased at the NAV per share next determined after the Fund receives your application or request in good order. All requests received in good order by the Fund by the close of regular trading on the NYSE will be processed on that same day. Requests received after close of regular trading on the NYSE will be processed on the next business day.

Good Order: When making a purchase request, make sure your request is in good order. "Good order" means your purchase request includes:

- the name of the Fund and share class;
- the dollar amount of shares to be purchased;
- a completed purchase application or investment stub; and
- check payable to the "**OnTrack Core Fund**"

Good order means that your purchase (whether direct or through a financial intermediary) is complete and contains all necessary information; has all supporting documentation (such as trust documents, beneficiary designations, proper signature guarantees, IRA rollover forms, etc.); and is accompanied by sufficient purchase proceeds. An Account Application that is sent to the Fund's transfer agent does not constitute a purchase order until the transfer agent processes the Account Application and receives correct payment by check or wire transfer.

Retirement Plans: You may purchase shares of the Fund for your individual retirement plans. Please call the Fund at 1-855-747-9555 for the most current listing and appropriate disclosure documentation on how to open a retirement account.

HOW TO REDEEM SHARES

Redeeming Shares: You may redeem all or any portion of the shares credited to your account by submitting a written request for redemption to:

<i>Regular Mail</i> OnTrack Core Fund c/o Ultimus Fund Services, LLC P.O. Box 541150 Omaha, Nebraska 68154	<i>Express/Overnight Mail</i> OnTrack Core Fund c/o Ultimus Fund Services, LLC 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100 Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-3474
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Redemptions by Telephone: The telephone redemption privilege is automatically available to all new accounts. If you do not want the telephone redemption privilege, you must indicate this in the appropriate area on your account application or you must write to the Fund and instruct it to remove this privilege from your account. If you own an IRA, you will be asked whether or not the Fund should withhold federal income tax.

The proceeds will be sent by mail to the address designated on your account or wired directly to your existing account in a bank or brokerage firm in the United States as designated on your application. To redeem by telephone, call 1-855-747-9555. During periods of high market activity, you may encounter higher than usual wait times. Please allow sufficient time to ensure that you will be able to complete your telephone transaction prior to market close. Neither the Fund nor its transfer agent will be held liable if you are unable to place your trade due to high call volume. The redemption proceeds normally will be sent by mail or by wire within three business days after receipt of your telephone instructions.

The Fund reserves the right to suspend the telephone redemption privileges with respect to your account if the name(s) or the address on the account has been changed within the previous 30 days. Neither the Fund, the transfer agent, nor their respective affiliates will be liable for complying with telephone instructions they reasonably believe to be genuine or for any loss, damage, cost, or expenses in acting on such telephone instructions and you will be required to bear the risk of any such loss. The Fund or the transfer agent, or both, will employ reasonable procedures to determine that telephone instructions are genuine. If the Fund and/or the transfer agent do not employ these procedures, they may be liable to you for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. These procedures may include, among others, requiring forms of personal identification prior to acting upon telephone instructions, providing written confirmation of the transactions and/or tape-recording telephone instructions.

Redemptions through Broker: If shares of the Fund are held by a broker-dealer, financial institution, or other servicing agent, you must contact that servicing agent to redeem shares of the Fund. The servicing agent may charge a fee for this service.

Redemptions by Wire: You may request that your redemption proceeds be wired directly to your bank account. The Fund's transfer agent imposes a \$15 fee for each wire redemption and deducts the fee directly from your account. Your bank may also impose a fee for the incoming wire.

Redemption of Retirement Plans: If you own an IRA or other retirement plan, you must indicate on your redemption request whether the Fund should withhold federal income tax. Unless you elect in your redemption request that you do not want to have federal tax withheld, the redemption will be subject to withholding.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan: If your individual accounts, IRA, or other qualified plan account have a current account value of at least \$25,000, you may participate in the Fund's Systematic Withdrawal Plan, an investment plan that automatically moves money to your bank account from the Fund through the use of electronic funds transfers. You may elect to make subsequent withdrawals by transferring a minimum of \$500 on specified days of each month into your established bank account. Please contact the Fund at 1-855-747-9555 for more information about the Fund's Systematic Withdrawal Plan.

Redemptions in Kind: The Fund reserves the right to honor requests for redemption or repurchase orders by making payment in whole or in part in readily marketable securities ("redemption in kind") if the amount is greater than (the lesser of) \$250,000 or 1% of the Fund's assets. The Fund may also use redemption in kind for certain Fund shares held by Reflow. The securities will be chosen by the Fund and valued at the Fund's NAV. A shareholder will be exposed to market risk until these securities are converted to cash and may incur transaction expenses in converting these securities to cash.

When Redemptions are Sent: Once the Fund receives your redemption request in "good order" as described below, it will issue a check based on the next determined NAV following your redemption request. The redemption proceeds normally will be sent by mail or by wire within three business days after receipt of a request in "good order." If you purchase shares using a check and soon after request a redemption, your redemption proceeds will not be sent until the check used for your purchase has cleared your bank (usually within 10 days of the purchase date).

The Fund typically expects that it will take up to seven days following the receipt of your redemption request to pay out redemption proceeds by check or electronic transfer, except as noted above. The Fund typically expects to pay redemptions from cash, cash equivalents, proceeds from the sale of fund shares including ReFlow, and then from the sale of portfolio securities. Under certain circumstances, as described immediately above, redemption proceeds may be paid in kind rather than in cash. All the redemption payment methods will be used in regular and stressed market conditions.

Good Order: Your redemption request will be processed if it is in “good order.” To be in good order, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- The request should be in writing, unless redeeming by telephone, indicating the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed;
- The request must identify your account number;
- The request should be signed by you and any other person listed on the account, exactly as the shares are registered; and
- If you request that the redemption proceeds be sent to a person, bank or an address other than that of record or paid to someone other than the record owner(s), or if the address was changed within the last 30 days, or if the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000, the signature(s) on the request must be medallion signature guaranteed by an eligible signature guarantor.

When You Need Medallion Signature Guarantees: If you wish to change the bank or brokerage account that you have designated on your account, you may do so at any time by writing to the Fund with your signature guaranteed. A medallion signature guarantee assures that a signature is genuine and protects you from unauthorized account transfers.

You will need your signature guaranteed if:

- You request a redemption to be made payable to a person not on record with the Fund;
- You request that a redemption be mailed to an address other than that on record with the Fund;
- The proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000;
- Any redemption is transmitted to a bank other than the bank of record; or
- Your address was changed within 30 days of your redemption request.

Signatures may be guaranteed by any eligible guarantor institution (including banks, brokers and dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations). Further documentation will be required to change the designated account if shares are held by a corporation, fiduciary, or other organization. *A notary public cannot guarantee signatures.*

Low Balances: If at any time your account balance in the Fund falls below \$1,000, the Fund may notify you that, unless the account is brought up to at least \$1,000 within 60 days’ of the notice, your account could be closed. After the notice period, the Fund may redeem all of your shares and close your account by sending you a check to the address of record. Your account will not be closed if the account balance drops below \$1,000 due to a decline in NAV.

Special Situations: There are certain times when you may be unable to sell shares of the Fund or proceeds may be delayed. This may occur during emergencies, unusual market conditions or when a Fund cannot determine the value of its assets or sell its holdings. The Fund reserves the right to reject any purchase order or suspend the offering of its shares. Generally, a Fund may reject a purchase if it is disruptive to the efficient management of the Fund. The Fund may also refuse purchase requests from individuals or groups who have not been approved by the Fund’s Sub-Adviser.

Financial Intermediaries: Certain transactions through a financial intermediary may not be deemed in good form if such a financial intermediary failed to notify the Fund of such trade or trades before 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time. In particular, financial intermediaries that transact in shares of the Fund through the Fund/SERV[®] system (a system used by mutual funds to settle purchases and redemptions of mutual fund shares) must, in many cases, notify the Fund of trades before placing them in the Fund/SERV[®] system. In the event that a financial intermediary transacts in shares of the Fund through the Fund/SERV[®] system without notifying the Fund of such trades in advance, such transaction may be deemed not to have been received in good order. In practice, this means confirmation from a financial intermediary is not binding on the Fund. In the event that a trade is deemed not to have been received in good order, for whatever reason, a purchase, redemption, or exchange request may be rejected or canceled and, in the event of a redemption which is canceled, the Fund shall have a right to a return of proceeds. Cancellation of a trade is processed at the NAV at which the trade was originally received and is completed as soon as practical, ordinarily the next business day. Please contact your financial intermediary to determine how it processes transactions in shares of the Fund.

FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF FUND SHARES

The Fund discourages and does not accommodate market timing that it considers abusive. Frequent trading into and out of the Fund can harm all Fund shareholders by disrupting the Fund's investment strategies, increasing Fund expenses, decreasing tax efficiency, and diluting the value of shares held by long-term shareholders. The Fund is designed for long-term investors and is not intended for market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Accordingly, the Trust's Board has approved policies that seek to curb these disruptive activities while recognizing that shareholders may have a legitimate need to adjust their Fund investments as their financial needs or circumstances change or in response to perceived market conditions. The Fund currently uses several methods to reduce the risk of abusive market timing. These methods include:

- Committing staff to review, on a continuing basis, recent trading activity in order to identify trading activity that may be contrary to the Fund's "Market Timing Trading Policy",
- Rejecting or limiting specific purchase requests; and
- Rejecting purchase requests from certain investors.

Though these methods involve judgments that are inherently subjective and involve some selectivity in their application, the Fund seeks to make judgments and applications that are consistent with the interests of the Fund's shareholders.

Based on the frequency of redemptions in your account, the Adviser, Sub-Adviser, or transfer agent may in its sole discretion determine that your trading activity is detrimental to the Fund as described in the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy and elect to (i) reject or limit the amount, number, frequency, or method for requesting future purchases into the Fund and/or (ii) reject or limit the amount, number, frequency, or method for requesting future exchanges out of the Fund.

The Fund reserves the right to reject or restrict purchase requests for any reason, particularly when the shareholder's trading activity suggests that the shareholder may be engaged in abusive market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Neither the Fund nor the Adviser nor the Sub-Adviser will be liable for any losses resulting from rejected purchase orders. The Adviser or the Sub-Adviser may also bar an investor who has violated these policies (and the investor's financial advisor) from opening new accounts with the Fund.

Although the Fund attempts to limit disruptive trading activities, some investors use a variety of strategies to hide their identities and their trading practices. There can be no guarantee that the Fund will be able to identify or limit these activities. Omnibus account arrangements are common forms of holding shares of the Fund. While the Fund will encourage financial intermediaries to apply the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers who invest indirectly in the Fund, the Fund is limited in its ability to monitor the trading activity or enforce the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy with respect to customers of financial intermediaries. For example, should it occur, the Fund may not be able to detect abusive market timing that may be facilitated by financial intermediaries or made difficult to identify in the omnibus accounts used by those intermediaries for aggregated purchases, exchanges, and redemptions on behalf of all their customers. More specifically, unless the financial intermediaries have the ability to apply the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers through such methods as implementing short-term trading limitations or restrictions and monitoring trading activity for what might be abusive market timing, the Fund may not be able to determine whether trading by customers of financial intermediaries is contrary to the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy. Brokers maintaining omnibus accounts with the Fund have agreed to provide shareholder transaction information to the extent known to the broker to the Fund upon request. If the Fund or its transfer agent or shareholder servicing agent suspects there is abusive market timing activity in the account, the Fund will seek full cooperation from the service provider maintaining the account to identify the underlying participant. At the request of the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser, the service providers may take immediate action to stop any further short-term trading by such participants. The Reflow liquidity program is not subject to the market timing limits described above.

TAX STATUS, DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Any sale or exchange of the Fund's shares may generate tax liability (unless you are a tax-exempt investor, or your investment is in a qualified retirement account). When you redeem your shares of the Fund, you may realize a taxable gain or loss. This is measured by the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the tax basis for the shares you sold. (To aid in computing your tax basis, you generally should retain your account statements for the period that you hold shares in the Fund.)

The Fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income at least annually, and net capital gains annually. Both distributions will be reinvested in shares of the Fund unless you elect to receive cash. Dividends from net investment income (including any excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss) are taxable to investors as ordinary income, while distributions of net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss) are generally taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of your holding period for the shares. Any dividends or capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund will normally be taxable to you when made, regardless of whether you reinvest dividends or capital gain distributions or receive them in cash. Certain dividends or distributions declared in October, November or December will be taxed to shareholders as if received in December even if they are paid during the following January. Each year the Fund will inform you of the amount and type of your distributions. IRAs and other qualified retirement plans are exempt from federal income taxation until retirement proceeds are paid out to the participant.

Your redemption of Fund shares may result in a capital gain or loss for federal tax purposes. A capital gain or loss on your investment is the difference between the cost of your shares, including any sales charges, and the amount you receive when you sell them.

The Fund must report to the IRS and furnish to shareholders the cost basis information for shares purchased and sold. The Fund has chosen average cost as its standing (default) tax lot identification method for all shareholders, which means this is the method the Fund will use to determine which specific shares are deemed to be sold when there are multiple purchases on different dates at differing NAVs, and the entire position is not sold at one time. Shareholders may, however, choose a method other than the Fund's standing method at the time of their purchase or upon sale of covered shares. Shareholders should consult their tax advisors to determine the best IRS-accepted cost basis method for their tax situation and to obtain more information about how cost basis reporting applies to them. Shareholders also should carefully review the cost basis information provided to them by the Fund and make any additional basis, holding period or other adjustments that are required when reporting these amounts on their federal income tax returns.

On the account application, you will be asked to certify that your social security number or taxpayer identification number is correct and that you are not subject to backup withholding for failing to report income to the IRS. If you are subject to backup withholding or you did not certify your taxpayer identification number, the IRS requires the Fund to withhold a percentage of any dividend, redemption, or exchange proceeds. The Fund reserves the right to reject any application that does not include a certified social security or taxpayer identification number. If you do not have a social security number, you should indicate on the purchase form that your application to obtain a number is pending. The Fund is required to withhold taxes if a number is not delivered to the Fund within seven days.

This summary is not intended to be and should not be construed to be legal or tax advice. You should consult your own tax advisers to determine the tax consequences of owning the Fund's shares.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES

Distributor: Ceros Financial Services, Inc. (“Ceros”), 1445 Research Blvd., Suite 530, Rockville, MD 20850, is the distributor for the shares of the Fund. Ceros is a registered broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (“FINRA”). Ceros and the Adviser are affiliates because they are under common control. Shares of the Fund are offered on a continuous basis.

Distribution Fees: The Fund has adopted a Distribution Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 (the “Plan”) under the 1940 Act with respect to the sale and distribution of Advisor Class shares of the Fund. Shareholders of Advisor Class shares of the Fund pay annual 12b-1 expenses of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets attributable to Advisor Class shares. A portion of the fee payable pursuant to the Plan, equal to up to 0.25%, may be characterized as a service fee as such term is defined under Rule 2341 of the FINRA Conduct Rules. A service fee is a payment made for personal service and/or the maintenance of shareholder accounts. Because 12b-1 fees are paid out of the Fund’s assets on an on-going basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

Additional Compensation to Financial Intermediaries: The Fund’s distributor, its affiliates, and the Fund’s Adviser and Sub-Adviser and their affiliates may each, at their own expense and out of their own assets including their legitimate profits from Fund-related activities, provide additional cash payments to financial intermediaries who sell shares of the Fund. Financial intermediaries include brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others. These payments are generally made to financial intermediaries that provide shareholder or administrative services, or marketing support. Marketing support may include access to sales meetings, sales representatives and financial intermediary management representatives, inclusion of the Fund on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, or other sales programs. These payments also may be made as an expense reimbursement in cases where the financial intermediary provides shareholder services to Fund shareholders. The distributor may, from time to time, provide promotional incentives to certain investment firms. Such incentives may, at the distributor’s discretion, be limited to investment firms who allow their individual selling representatives to participate in such additional compensation.

Householding: To reduce expenses, the Fund mails only one copy of the Prospectus and each annual and semi-annual report to those addresses shared by two or more accounts. If you wish to receive individual copies of these documents, please call the Fund toll-free at 1-855-747-9555 on days the Fund is open for business or contact your financial institution. The Fund will begin sending you individual copies thirty days after receiving your request.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the period of the Fund's operations. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Advisor Class share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information for the Fund has been derived from the financial statements audited by the Fund's Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, Cohen & Company, Ltd., whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, are included in the Fund's December 31, 2023 annual report, which is available upon request and is incorporated by reference in the SAI.

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout each Year

	Advisor Class				
	For the Year Ended December 31,				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 53.74	\$ 57.16	\$ 58.38	\$ 46.33	\$ 43.90
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss) ^(a)	1.56	(0.26)	0.24	1.55	0.55
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	1.23	(3.16)	1.95	11.78	2.38
Total from investment operations	2.79	(3.42)	2.19	13.33	2.93
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	—	—	(3.41)	(1.28)	(0.50)
Total distributions	—	—	(3.41)	(1.28)	(0.50)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 56.53	\$ 53.74	\$ 57.16	\$ 58.38	\$ 46.33
Total return ^(b)	5.19%	(5.98)%	3.76%	28.78%	6.67%
Net assets, at end of year (000s)	\$ 7,382	\$ 10,994	\$ 15,574	\$ 10,016	\$ 862
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets ^(c)	2.78%	2.76%	2.76%	2.76%	2.75%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets ^(c,d)	2.92%	(0.47)%	0.40%	2.79%	1.23%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	575%	727%	140%	213%	249%

(a) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

(b) Total return assumes reinvestment of all distributions.

(c) The ratios of expenses to average net assets and net investment income (loss) to average net assets do not reflect the expenses of the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(d) Recognition of net investment income (loss) by the Fund is affected by the timing and declaration of dividends by the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

PRIVACY NOTICE

Rev. May 2014

FACTS

WHAT DOES ADVISORS PREFERRED TRUST DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?

Why?

Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.

What?

The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:

- Social Security number
- Assets
- Retirement Assets
- Transaction History
- Checking Account Information
- Purchase History
- Account Balances
- Account Transactions
- Wire Transfer Instructions

When you are *no longer* our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.

How?

All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Advisors Preferred Trust chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does Advisors Preferred Trust share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes – such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes – to offer our products and services to you	No	We don't share
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your transactions and experiences	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness	No	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	No	We don't share

Who we are	
Who is providing this notice?	Advisors Preferred Trust
What we do	
How does Advisors Preferred Trust protect my personal information?	<p>To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.</p> <p>Our service providers are held accountable for adhering to strict policies and procedures to prevent any misuse of your nonpublic personal information.</p>
How does Advisors Preferred Trust collect my personal information?	<p>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Open an account ▪ Provide account information ▪ Give us your contact information ▪ Make deposits or withdrawals from your account ▪ Make a wire transfer ▪ Tell us where to send the money ▪ Tells us who receives the money ▪ Show your government-issued ID ▪ Show your driver's license <p>We also collect your personal information from other companies.</p>
Why can't I limit all sharing?	<p>Federal law gives you the right to limit only</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness ▪ Affiliates from using your information to market to you ▪ Sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you <p>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</p>
Definitions	
Affiliates	<p>Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>Advisors Preferred Trust does not share with our affiliates.</i>
Nonaffiliates	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>Advisors Preferred Trust does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</i>
Joint marketing	<p>A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>Advisors Preferred Trust doesn't jointly market.</i>
Questions?	Call 1-855-747-9555

OnTrack Core Fund

Adviser	Advisors Preferred LLC 1445 Research Blvd. Suite 530 Rockville, MD 20850	Distributor	Ceros Financial Services, Inc. 1445 Research Blvd. Suite 530 Rockville, MD 20850
Sub-Adviser	Price Capital Management, Inc. 85 Chanteclair Circle Gulf Breeze, FL 32561	Legal Counsel	Thompson Hine LLP 41 South High Street 17th Floor Columbus, OH 43215
Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	Cohen & Company, Ltd. 1835 Market Street, Suite 310 Philadelphia, PA 19103	Transfer Agent	Ultimus Fund Services, LLC 4221 North 203rd St. Suite 100 Elkhorn, NE 68022-3474
Custodian	U.S. Bank N.A. 425 Walnut Street Cincinnati, OH 45202		

Additional information about the Fund is included in the Fund's dated SAI May 1, 2024 and is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference (i.e., legally made a part of this Prospectus). The SAI provides more details about the Fund's policies and management. Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders. In the Fund's Annual Report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

To obtain a free copy of the SAI and, when issued, the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders, or other information about the Fund, or to make shareholder inquiries about the Fund, please call 1-855-747-9555. You may also access this information by visiting www.advisorspreferred.com or writing to:

<p>Regular Mail OnTrack Core Fund c/o Ultimus Fund Services, LLC P.O. Box 541150 Omaha, Nebraska 68154</p>	<p>Express/Overnight Mail OnTrack Core Fund c/o Ultimus Fund Services, LLC 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100 Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-3474</p>
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Reports and other information about the Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of the information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the Public Reference Section, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520, or by visiting the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549.

Investment Company Act File # 811-22756