



CENTERSTONE
INVESTORS

PROSPECTUS

August 1, 2024

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

CLASS I
CENTX

CLASS A
CETAX

CLASS C
CENNIX

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

CLASS I
CINTX

CLASS A
CSIAX

CLASS C
CSINX

This Prospectus provides important information about the Funds that you should know before investing. Please read it carefully and keep it for future reference.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.



CENTERSTONE
INVESTORS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUMMARY SECTION

- 1 Centerstone Investors Fund
- 11 Centerstone International Fund

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

- 21 Centerstone Investors Fund
- 21 Investment Objective
- 21 Principal Investment Strategies
- 23 Centerstone International Fund
- 23 Investment Objective
- 23 Principal Investment Strategies
- 25 Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds
- 33 Temporary Investments
- 34 Portfolio Holdings Information
- 34 Cybersecurity

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS

- 35 The Adviser
- 36 Portfolio Manager

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

- 37 Share Price
- 39 How to Purchase Shares
- 39 Choosing a Share Class
- 40 More About Class A Shares
- 44 More About Class C Shares
- 45 More About Class I Shares
- 45 Purchasing Shares
- 49 How to Redeem Shares
- 53 Frequent Purchases and Redemptions of Fund Shares
- 54 Tax Status, Dividends and Distributions
- 55 Distribution of Fund Shares

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- 58 Centerstone Investors Fund
- 60 Centerstone International Fund

APPENDIX A

- 65 Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers and Discounts



SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

Investment Objective. The investment objective of the Centerstone Investors Fund (the “Investors Fund”) is to seek long-term growth of capital.

Fees and Expenses of the Investors Fund. This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Investors Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.** You may qualify for sales charge discounts on Class A shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$25,000 in the Investors Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and under the heading “Shareholder Information – More About Class A Shares” on page 40 of this Prospectus. In addition, descriptions of the sales load waivers and/or discounts for Class A shares with respect to certain financial intermediaries are reproduced in “Appendix A: Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers and Discounts” to the Prospectus based on information provided by the financial intermediary.

Shareholder Fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	5.00%	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	1.00% ⁽¹⁾	1.00% ⁽²⁾	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	None
Other Expenses	0.31%	0.31%	0.31%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ⁽³⁾	0.09%	0.09%	0.09%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.55%	2.30%	1.30%
Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	(0.11)%	(0.11)%	(0.11)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement ⁽⁴⁾	1.44%	2.19%	1.19%

- (1) A maximum contingent deferred sales charge (“CDSC”) of 1.00% may apply to certain redemptions of Class A shares made within the first 18 months of their purchase when an initial sales charge was not paid on the purchase.
- (2) If you redeem Class C shares within 12 months after purchase, you will be charged a CDSC of up to 1.00%. The charge will apply to the lesser of the original cost of the Class C shares being redeemed or the proceeds of your redemption and will be calculated without regard to any redemption fee. When you redeem Class C shares, the redemption order is processed so that the lowest CDSC is charged. Class C shares that are not subject to a CDSC are redeemed first. In addition, you will not be charged a CDSC when you redeem shares that you acquired through reinvestment of Investors Fund dividends or capital gains. Any CDSC paid on the redemptions of Class C shares expressed as a percentage of the applicable redemption amount may be higher or lower than the charge described due to rounding.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

- (3) This number represents the combined total fees and operating expenses of the acquired funds owned by the Investors Fund and is not a direct expense incurred by the Investors Fund or deducted from the Investors Fund assets. Since this number does not represent a direct operating expense of the Investors Fund, the operating expenses set forth in the Investors Fund’s financial highlights do not include this figure.
- (4) This number includes acquired fund fees and expenses. Centerstone Investors, LLC (the “Adviser”) has contractually agreed to waive its fees and reimburse expenses of the Investors Fund, at least until August 1, 2026 so that the Total Annual Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Reimbursement (but does not include: (i) any front-end or contingent deferred loads; (ii) brokerage fees and commissions; (iii) acquired fund fees and expenses; (iv) borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short); (v) taxes; and (vi) extraordinary expenses, such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of Fund service providers (other than the Adviser))) will not exceed 1.35%, 2.10% and 1.10% of average daily net assets attributable to Class A, Class C, and Class I shares, respectively. These fee waivers and expense reimbursements are subject to possible recoupment from the Investors Fund within three years after the fees have been waived or reimbursed, if such recoupment can be achieved within the lesser of the foregoing expense limits or the expense limits in place at the time of recoupment. This agreement may be terminated by the Board of Trustees, on behalf of the Investors Fund, only on 60 days’ written notice to the Adviser or upon termination of the Advisory Agreement between the Trust and the Adviser.

Example. This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Investors Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Investors Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Investors Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. The fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement discussed in the table above is reflected only through August 1, 2026. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Class A	\$639	\$944	\$1,282	\$2,235
Class C	Shares held \$222 Shares sold \$322	\$697	\$1,210	\$2,618
Class I	\$121	\$390	\$691	\$1,548

Portfolio Turnover. The Investors Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Investors Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Investors Fund’s performance. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, the portfolio turnover rate of the Investors Fund was 36.42% of the average value of its portfolio.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

Principal Investment Strategies. To achieve its objective of long-term capital growth, the Investors Fund normally invests at least 60% of its net assets in equity and equity related securities and up to 40% of its total assets in fixed income instruments (without regard to credit rating or time to maturity). The Investors Fund may also invest in cash and cash equivalents. The Investors Fund primarily invests its assets in common stocks (and securities convertible into common stocks) of U.S. and foreign companies. The Investors Fund may also invest in foreign and domestic preferred equity securities and American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”). The Investors Fund may generally invest in the following fixed income securities: notes, bills and debentures, bank debt obligations, high-yield debt securities rated below investment grade, convertible securities, Rule 144A securities (Rule 144A securities are restricted securities that can be resold to qualified institutional buyers but not to the general public); and securities issued by international government or quasi-government organizations and sovereign debt securities. The Investors Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in lower-rated or defaulted debt securities (including so-called “junk bonds”), corporate debt, comparable unrated debt securities, or other indebtedness (or participations in the indebtedness) of such companies. The Investors Fund may also invest up to 10% of its total assets in precious metals such as gold or silver, or in instruments related to such precious metals such as commodity contracts, options on such contracts, structured notes and exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”). The Investors Fund may invest in the foregoing securities or assets directly or gain exposure to such securities or assets indirectly by investing in ETFs or other investment companies.

The Investors Fund particularly seeks companies that have financial strength and stability, strong management and fundamental or intrinsic value. “Intrinsic value” is based on the Adviser’s judgment of what a prudent and rational business buyer would pay in cash for a company in normal markets. The Adviser follows a global, bottom-up oriented long-term investment philosophy that identifies investment opportunities through intensive research of individual companies and generally does not focus or rely on current stock market conditions. The Investors Fund focuses its investments in areas where the Adviser finds the most compelling opportunities at any given moment and on situations that, in the Adviser’s opinion, have the potential for capital appreciation. The investment philosophy and strategy of the Investors Fund seeks a “margin of safety” in investments, i.e., where the market price of an investment is below its fundamental value, with the goal being to avoid permanent impairment of capital (as opposed to temporary losses in share value relating to shifting investor sentiment or other normal share price volatility). In particular, a discount to “intrinsic value” is sought even for the best of businesses, with a deeper discount demanded for companies that the Adviser views as under business model, balance sheet, management or other stresses. For these reasons, the Investors Fund may seek investments in the equity securities of companies in industries that are believed to be temporarily depressed.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

Investment decisions for the Investors Fund are made without regard to the capitalization (size) of the companies in which it invests. Under normal circumstances, the Investors Fund anticipates allocating a significant amount of its net assets to foreign investments. That generally means that at least 15% of the Investors Fund's net assets is allocated to foreign investments (the Investors Fund expects at least 30% of its equity investments to normally be in foreign equities).

The Adviser may invest the Investors Fund's assets in any region of the world. It may invest in companies based in emerging markets, typically in the Far East, Latin America and Eastern Europe, however, the emphasis is in companies operating in developed countries, such as those of the U.S., Canada, Japan and Western Europe.

The Investors Fund may invest a portion of its assets in derivative instruments. These include forward contracts and futures contracts. The Investors Fund may invest in derivatives primarily to seek to hedge exposure to certain markets and securities and/or for non-hedging speculative purposes that seek to take maximum advantage of market fluctuations. The Investors Fund may seek to hedge its exposure to foreign currencies, typically through the use of foreign currency derivatives, including currency forward contracts and may engage in currency transactions with counterparties to gain or reduce exposure to certain currencies or to generate income or gains.

The Investors Fund may also engage in securities lending to generate income.

The Adviser considers selling a security when it determines that such security no longer offers fundamental value or financial strength and stability.

Principal Risks. Remember that in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose money by investing in the Investors Fund. Each risk summarized below is a principal risk of investing in the Investors Fund and different risks may be more significant at different times depending upon market conditions or other factors.

- ♦ **ADR Risk.** ADRs may be subject to some of the same risks as direct investment in foreign companies, which includes international trade, currency, political, regulatory and diplomatic risks. In a sponsored ADR arrangement, the foreign issuer assumes the obligation to pay some or all of the depositary's transaction fees. Under an unsponsored ADR arrangement, the foreign issuer assumes no obligations and the depositary's transaction fees are paid directly by the ADR holders. Because unsponsored ADR arrangements are organized independently and without the cooperation of the issuer of the underlying securities, available information concerning the foreign issuer may not be as current as for sponsored ADRs and voting rights with respect to the deposited securities that are not passed through.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

- ♦ *Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk.* At any time, the Investors Fund may have significant investments in cash or cash equivalents. When a substantial portion of a portfolio is held in cash or cash equivalents, there is the risk that the value of the cash account, including interest, will not keep pace with inflation, thus reducing purchasing power over time.
- ♦ *Credit Risk.* The issuer of a security or other instruments may not be able to make principal and interest payments when due. In addition, the credit quality of fixed income securities held by the Investors Fund may be lowered if an issuer's financial condition changes. The issuer of a fixed income security may also default on its obligations.
- ♦ *Currency Risk.* Changes in foreign currency exchange rates will affect the value of what the Investors Fund owns and the Investors Fund's share price. Generally, when the U.S. dollar rises in value against a foreign currency, an investment in that country loses value because that currency is worth fewer U.S. dollars. Devaluation of a currency by a country's government or banking authority also will have a significant impact on the value of any investments denominated in that currency. Currency markets generally are not as regulated as securities markets.
- ♦ *Derivatives Risk.* Investments in derivatives, including options, forward contracts, futures contracts and foreign currency derivatives, include the risk that derivatives may result in losses that are potentially unlimited and that partially or completely offset gains in portfolio positions. The use of derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.
- ♦ *Emerging Markets Risk.* Emerging market countries may have relatively unstable governments, weaker economies, and less-developed legal systems with fewer security holder rights. Emerging market economies may be based on only a few industries and security issuers may be more susceptible to economic weakness and more likely to default. Emerging market securities also tend to be less liquid. There may also be less reliable or publicly-available information about emerging markets due to non-uniform regulatory, auditing or financial recordkeeping standards, which could cause errors in the implementation of the Investors Fund's investment strategy. The Investors Fund's performance may depend on issues other than those that affect U.S. companies and may be adversely affected by different rights and remedies associated with emerging market investments, or the lack thereof, compared to those associated with U.S. companies.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

- ♦ *Equity Securities Risk.* The Investors Fund primarily invests in common stock (and securities convertible into common stocks) and may also invest in preferred stocks and ADRs, which subjects the Investors Fund and its shareholders to the risks associated with common stock investing. Overall stock market risks may affect the value of the Investors Fund. Factors such as domestic economic growth and market conditions, interest rate levels, and political events affect the securities markets. When the value of the Investors Fund's investments goes down, your investment in the Investors Fund decreases in value and you could lose money.
- ♦ *ETF Risk.* ETFs are subject to investment advisory and other expenses, which will be indirectly paid by the Investors Fund. As a result, the cost of investing in the Investors Fund will be higher than the cost of investing directly in ETFs and may be higher than other mutual funds that invest directly in stocks. ETFs are subject to specific risks, depending on the nature of the fund. The market value of ETF shares may differ from their net asset value ("NAV"). This difference in price may be due to the fact that the supply and demand in the market for fund shares at any point in time is not always identical to the supply and demand in the market for the underlying basket of securities. Accordingly, there may be times when shares trade at a premium or discount to NAV.
- ♦ *Fixed Income Risk.* When the Investors Fund invests in fixed income securities (without regard to credit rating or time to maturity), the value of your investment in the Investors Fund may fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Other risk factors include credit risk (the debtor may default) and prepayment risk (the debtor may pay its obligation early, reducing the amount of interest payments).
- ♦ *Foreign Investment Risk.* Foreign investing involves risks not typically associated with U.S. investments, including adverse fluctuations in foreign currency values, adverse political, social and economic developments, less liquidity, greater volatility, less developed or less efficient trading markets, political instability and differing auditing and legal standards. Investing in emerging markets imposes risks different from, or greater than, risks of investing in foreign developed countries.
- ♦ *Gold and Precious Metals Risk.* The Investors Fund may invest directly and indirectly in precious metals. Gold and other precious metals prices can be influenced by a variety of economic, financial and political factors, especially inflation, which may have an impact on the Investors Fund's performance.
- ♦ *Hedging Risk.* Hedging, including foreign currency hedging, is a strategy in which the Investors Fund uses a derivative to offset the risks associated with other Investors Fund holdings. There can be no assurance that the Investors Fund's hedging strategy will reduce risk or that hedging transactions will be either available or cost effective. The Investors Fund is not required to use hedging and may choose not to do so.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

- ♦ *Junk Bond Risk.* Lower-rated or defaulted debt securities may fluctuate more in price, and are less liquid than higher-rated securities because issuers of such lower-rated debt securities are not as strong financially, and are more likely to encounter financial difficulties and be more vulnerable to adverse changes in the economy.
- ♦ *Large-Cap Company Risk.* Large-capitalization companies may be less able than smaller capitalization companies to adapt to changing market conditions. Large-capitalization companies may be more mature and subject to more limited growth potential compared with smaller capitalization companies. During different market cycles, the performance of large capitalization companies has trailed the overall performance of the broader securities markets.
- ♦ *Management Risk.* The investment process used by the Investors Fund's portfolio manager could fail to achieve the Investors Fund's investment goal and cause an investment in the Investors Fund to lose value.
- ♦ *Market and Geopolitical Risk.* The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Investors Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate change and climate-related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, international conflicts, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets.
- ♦ *Mid-Cap Company Risk.* Mid-cap companies in which the Investors Fund may invest may be more vulnerable to adverse business or economic events than larger, more established companies. In particular, these mid-sized companies may pose additional risks, including liquidity risk because these companies tend to have limited product lines, markets and financial resources, and may depend upon a relatively small management group. Therefore, mid-cap stocks may be more volatile than those of larger companies.
- ♦ *Regulatory Risk.* Changes in the laws or regulations of the United States or other countries, including any changes to applicable tax laws and regulations, could impair the ability of the Investors Fund to achieve its investment objective and could increase the operating expenses of the Investors Fund.
- ♦ *Securities Lending Risk.* The Investors Fund may lend portfolio securities to U.S. Government securities dealers and to institutions, such as banks and certain broker-dealers. The Investors Fund may experience a loss or delay in the recovery of its securities if the borrower breaches its agreement with the Investors Fund.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

- ♦ *Small-Cap Company Risk.* To the extent the Investors Fund invests in the stocks of smaller-sized companies, the Investors Fund may be subject to additional risks. The earnings and prospects of these companies are more volatile than larger companies. Smaller-sized companies may experience higher failure rates than do larger companies.
- ♦ *Value Investing Risk.* Value investing attempts to identify companies selling at a discount to their intrinsic value. Value investing is subject to the risk that a company's intrinsic value may never be fully realized by the market or that a company judged by the Adviser to be undervalued may actually be appropriately priced. Additionally, securities that exhibit value characteristics tend to perform differently and shift into and out of favor with investors depending on changes in market and economic sentiment and conditions.
- ♦ *Volatility Risk.* The Investors Fund may have investments that appreciate or decrease significantly in value over short periods of time. This may cause the Investors Fund's NAV per share to experience significant increases or declines in value over short periods of time.

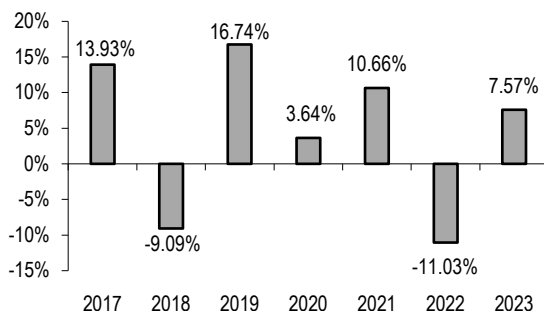
Performance. The Investors Fund acquired all of the assets and liabilities of Centerstone Investors Fund, a series of Centerstone Investment Trust, (the "Predecessor Fund") in a tax-free reorganization on March 5, 2021. In connection with this acquisition, shares of the Predecessor Fund's Class A, Class C and Class I Shares were exchanged for Class A, Class C and Class I Shares of the Investors Fund, respectively. The Predecessor Fund had an investment objective and strategies that were, in all material respects, the same as those of the Investors Fund, and was managed in a manner that, in all material respects, complied with the investment guidelines and restrictions of the Investors Fund. The Investors Fund is a continuation of the Predecessor Fund, and therefore, the performance information for the period prior to the reorganization is that of the Predecessor Fund.

The bar chart and performance table below show the variability of the Predecessor Fund's returns, which may be an indication of the risks of investing in the Investors Fund. The bar chart shows performance of the Investors Fund's Class I shares for each full calendar year since the Predecessor Fund's inception. After tax returns for Class A and Class C shares, which are not presented, will vary from the returns of Class I shares. The performance table compares the performance of the Investors Fund over time to the performance of a broad-based securities market index. You should be aware that the Predecessor Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) may not be an indication of how the Investors Fund will perform in the future. Shareholder reports containing financial and performance information are delivered to shareholders semi-annually. Updated performance information will be available at no cost by calling the Investors Fund toll-free at 877.314.9006.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

Performance Bar Chart
Calendar Year Ended December 31



Best Quarter: 2nd Quarter 2020 16.88%
 Worst Quarter: 1st Quarter 2020 (26.33)%

The year-to-date return as of the most recent fiscal quarter, which ended June 30, 2024, was 0.49%.

Performance Table
Average Annualized Total Returns
For periods ended December 31, 2023

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception of the Predecessor Fund (05-03-2016)
Class I Return before taxes	7.57%	5.08%	4.24%
Class I Return after taxes on distributions	7.40%	4.82%	3.89%
Class I Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares	5.00%	4.05%	3.35%
Class A Return with sales charge before taxes	2.00%	3.75%	3.28%
Class C Return before taxes	6.49%	4.03%	3.27%
MSCI ACWI Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes) ⁽¹⁾	22.20%	11.72%	10.10%

(1) The MSCI ACWI Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets. The index is not available for direct investment.

After-tax returns are calculated using the highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rate and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on a shareholder's tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns are not relevant if you hold your Investors Fund shares in tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts ("IRA").

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

Investment Adviser. Centerstone Investors, LLC serves as the Investors Fund's adviser.

Portfolio Manager. The following individual serves as the Investors Fund's portfolio manager:

Portfolio Manager	Primary Title	With the Investors Fund since
Abhay Deshpande, CFA	Founder & Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser	May 2016

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares. You may conduct transactions by mail (Centerstone Investors Fund, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100, Elkhorn, NE 68022-3474), or by telephone at 877.314.9006. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Investors Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial investment for Class A shares, Class C shares and Class I shares is \$2,500 (\$1,000 for IRAs and other retirement plans). The minimum subsequent investment amount is \$100 for each Class (also \$100 for IRAs and other retirement plans). There is no minimum initial or subsequent investment requirement for qualified retirement plans or other defined contribution plans and defined benefit plans that invest in the Investors Fund through omnibus arrangements. These limits are applied on a per transaction basis. The Investors Fund may waive or reduce its minimum investment amount from time to time in the sole discretion of the Adviser.

Tax Information. The Investors Fund's distributions are taxable, and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries. If you purchase Investors Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Investors Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Investors Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Investors Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

Investment Objective. The investment objective of the Centerstone International Fund (the “International Fund”) is to seek long-term growth of capital.

Fees and Expenses of the International Fund. This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the International Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below.** You may qualify for sales charge discounts on Class A shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$25,000 in the International Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and under the heading “Shareholder Information – More About Class A Shares” on page 40 of this Prospectus. In addition, descriptions of the sales load waivers and/or discounts for Class A shares with respect to certain financial intermediaries are provided in “Appendix A: Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers and Discounts” to the Prospectus based on information provided by the financial intermediary.

Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases <i>(as a percentage of offering price)</i>	5.00%	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	1.00% ⁽¹⁾	1.00% ⁽²⁾	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>			
Management Fees	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	None
Other Expenses	1.86%	1.86%	1.86%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ⁽³⁾	0.16%	0.16%	0.16%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	3.17%	3.92%	2.92%
Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	(1.66)%	(1.66)%	(1.66)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement ⁽⁴⁾	1.51%	2.26%	1.26%

- (1) A maximum contingent deferred sales charge (“CDSC”) of 1.00% may apply to certain redemptions of Class A shares made within the first 18 months of their purchase when an initial sales charge was not paid on the purchase.
- (2) If you redeem Class C shares within 12 months after purchase, you will be charged a CDSC of up to 1.00%. The charge will apply to the lesser of the original cost of the Class C shares being redeemed or the proceeds of your redemption and will be calculated without regard to any redemption fee. When you redeem Class C shares, the redemption order is processed so that the lowest CDSC is charged. Class C shares that are not subject to a CDSC are redeemed first. In addition, you will not be charged a CDSC when you redeem shares that you acquired through reinvestment of International Fund dividends or capital gains. Any CDSC paid on the redemptions of Class C shares expressed as a percentage of the applicable redemption amount may be higher or lower than the charge described due to rounding.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

- (3) This number represents the combined total fees and operating expenses of the acquired funds owned by the International Fund and is not a direct expense incurred by the International Fund or deducted from the International Fund's assets. Since this number does not represent a direct operating expense of the International Fund, the operating expenses set forth in the International Fund's financial highlights do not include this figure.
- (4) This number includes acquired fund fees and expenses. Centerstone Investors, LLC (the "Adviser") has contractually agreed to waive its fees and reimburse expenses of the International Fund, at least until August 1, 2026 so that the Total Annual Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Reimbursement (but does not include: (i) any front-end or contingent deferred loads; (ii) brokerage fees and commissions; (iii) acquired fund fees and expenses; (iv) borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short); (v) taxes; and (vi) extraordinary expenses, such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of International Fund service providers (other than the Adviser))) will not exceed 1.35%, 2.10% and 1.10% of average daily net assets attributable to Class A, Class C, and Class I shares, respectively. These fee waivers and expense reimbursements are subject to possible recoupment from the International Fund within three years after the fees have been waived or reimbursed, if such recoupment can be achieved within the lesser of the foregoing expense limits or the expense limits in place at the time of recoupment. This agreement may be terminated by the Board of Trustees, on behalf of the International Fund, only on 60 days' written notice to the Adviser or upon termination of the Advisory Agreement between the Adviser and the Trust.

Example. This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the International Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the International Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the International Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement discussed in the table above is reflected only through August 1, 2026. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Class A	\$646	\$1,121	\$1,790	\$3,571
Class C	Shares held \$229 Shares sold \$329	\$879	\$1,724	\$3,918
Class I	\$128	\$578	\$1,232	\$2,991

Portfolio Turnover. The International Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when International Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the International Fund's performance. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, the portfolio turnover rate of the International Fund was 20.42% of the average value of its portfolio.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

Principal Investment Strategies. To achieve its objective of long-term capital growth, normally, the International Fund invests at least 60% of its net assets in foreign (non-U.S.) equity securities. Equity securities are selected based on their price versus value, business quality and balance sheet strength, among other factors. The International Fund also may invest up to 40% of its total assets in debt instruments (including those of foreign issuers). The International Fund may also invest in cash and cash equivalents. The International Fund may generally invest in the following fixed income securities: notes, bills and debentures, bank debt obligations, high-yield debt securities rated below investment grade, convertible securities, Rule 144A securities (Rule 144A securities are restricted securities that can be resold to qualified institutional buyers but not to the general public); and securities issued by international government or quasi-government organizations and sovereign debt securities. The International Fund may invest in debt securities generally without regard to their credit rating or time to maturity. The International Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in lower-rated or defaulted debt securities (including so-called “junk bonds”), corporate debt, comparable unrated debt securities, or other indebtedness (or participations in the indebtedness) of such companies. In selecting debt securities to achieve the International Fund’s investment objective, the Adviser considers the likelihood of default and the potential for capital appreciation. The International Fund may also invest up to 10% of its total assets in precious metals such as gold or silver, or in instruments related to such precious metals such as commodity contracts, options on such contracts, structured notes and ETFs. The International Fund may invest in the foregoing securities or assets directly or gain exposure to such securities or assets indirectly by investing in ETFs or other investment companies.

The International Fund particularly seeks companies that have financial strength and stability, strong management and fundamental or intrinsic value. “Intrinsic value” is based on our judgment of what a prudent and rational business buyer would pay in cash for a company in normal markets. The Adviser follows a bottom-up oriented long-term investment philosophy. The International Fund identifies investment opportunities through intensive research of individual companies and generally does not focus or rely on current stock market conditions and other macro factors when assessing potential investment opportunities. The International Fund focuses its investments in areas where the Adviser finds the most compelling opportunities at any given moment and on situations that, in the Adviser’s opinion, have the potential for capital appreciation. The investment philosophy and strategy of the International Fund seeks a “margin of safety” in investments, *i.e.*, where the market price of an investment is below its fundamental value, with the goal being to avoid permanent impairment of capital (as opposed to temporary losses in share value relating to shifting investor sentiment or other normal share price volatility). In particular, a discount to “intrinsic value” is sought even for the best of businesses, with a deeper discount demanded for companies that the Adviser views as under business model, balance sheet, management or other stresses. For these reasons, the International Fund may seek investments in the equity securities of companies in industries that are believed to be temporarily depressed.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

Investment decisions for the International Fund are made without regard to the capitalization (size) of the companies in which it invests.

The International Fund invests primarily in equity securities of companies traded in mature markets (markets that already have a number of established companies, for example, Japan, Germany and France) and may invest in countries whose economies are still developing (sometimes called “emerging markets”). The International Fund intends to invest its assets in investments that are tied economically to a number of countries throughout the world. Under normal circumstances, the International Fund invests in issuers located in at least three different countries (not including the U.S. although the International Fund may also invest in U.S. issuers).

The International Fund may invest a portion of its assets in derivative instruments. These include forward contracts and futures contracts. The International Fund may invest in derivatives primarily to seek to hedge exposure to certain markets and securities and/or for non-hedging speculative that seek to take maximum advantage of market fluctuations. The International Fund may seek to hedge its exposure to foreign currencies, typically through the use of foreign currency derivatives, including currency forward contracts and may engage in currency transactions with counterparties to gain or reduce exposure to certain currencies or to generate income or gains.

The International Fund may also engage in securities lending to generate income.

The Adviser considers selling a security when it determines that such security no longer offers fundamental value or financial strength and stability.

Principal Risks. Remember that in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose money by investing in the International Fund. Each risk summarized below is a principal risk of investing in the International Fund and different risks may be more significant at different times depending upon market conditions or other factors.

- ♦ *Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk.* At any time, the International Fund may have significant investments in cash or cash equivalents. When a substantial portion of a portfolio is held in cash or cash equivalents, there is the risk that the value of the cash account, including interest, will not keep pace with inflation, thus reducing purchasing power over time.
- ♦ *Credit Risk.* The issuer of a security or other instruments may not be able to make principal and interest payments when due. In addition, the credit quality of fixed income securities held by the International Fund may be lowered if an issuer’s financial condition changes. The issuer of a fixed income security may also default on its obligations.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

- ◆ *Currency Risk.* Changes in foreign currency exchange rates will affect the value of what the International Fund owns and the International Fund's share price. Generally, when the U.S. dollar rises in value against a foreign currency, an investment in that country loses value because that currency is worth fewer U.S. dollars. Devaluation of a currency by a country's government or banking authority also will have a significant impact on the value of any investments denominated in that currency. Currency markets generally are not as regulated as securities markets.
- ◆ *Derivatives Risk.* Investments in derivatives, including options, forward contracts, futures contracts and foreign currency derivatives, include the risk that derivatives may result in losses that are potentially unlimited and that partially or completely offset gains in portfolio positions. The use of derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.
- ◆ *Emerging Markets Risk.* Emerging market countries may have relatively unstable governments, weaker economies, and less-developed legal systems with fewer security holder rights. Emerging market economies may be based on only a few industries and security issuers may be more susceptible to economic weakness and more likely to default. Emerging market securities also tend to be less liquid. There may also be less reliable or publicly-available information about emerging markets due to non-uniform regulatory, auditing or financial recordkeeping standards, which could cause errors in the implementation of the International Fund's investment strategy. The International Fund's performance may depend on issues other than those that affect U.S. companies and may be adversely affected by different rights and remedies associated with emerging market investments, or the lack thereof, compared to those associated with U.S. companies.
- ◆ *Equity Securities Risk.* The International Fund invests in common stock (and securities convertible into common stocks) which subjects the International Fund and its shareholders to the risks associated with common stock investing. Overall stock market risks may affect the value of the International Fund. Factors such as domestic economic growth and market conditions, interest rate levels, and political events affect the securities markets. When the value of the International Fund's investments goes down, your investment in the International Fund decreases in value and you could lose money.
- ◆ *ETF Risk.* ETFs are subject to investment advisory and other expenses, which will be indirectly paid by the International Fund. As a result, the cost of investing in the International Fund will be higher than the cost of investing directly in ETFs and may be higher than other mutual funds that invest directly in stocks. ETFs are subject to specific risks, depending on

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

the nature of the fund. The market value of ETF shares may differ from their NAV. This difference in price may be due to the fact that the supply and demand in the market for fund shares at any point in time is not always identical to the supply and demand in the market for the underlying basket of securities. Accordingly, there may be times when shares trade at a premium or discount to NAV.

- ♦ *Fixed Income Risk.* When the International Fund invests in fixed income securities (without regard to credit rating or time to maturity), the value of your investment in the International Fund may fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Other risk factors include credit risk (the debtor may default) and prepayment risk (the debtor may pay its obligation early, reducing the amount of interest payments).
- ♦ *Foreign Investment Risk.* Foreign investing involves risks not typically associated with U.S. investments, including adverse fluctuations in foreign currency values, adverse political, social and economic developments, less liquidity, greater volatility, less developed or less efficient trading markets, political instability and differing auditing and legal standards. Investing in emerging markets imposes risks different from, or greater than, risks of investing in foreign developed countries.
- ♦ *Gold and Precious Metals Risk.* The International Fund may invest directly and indirectly in precious metals. Gold and other precious metals prices can be influenced by a variety of economic, financial and political factors, especially inflation, which may have an impact on the International Fund's performance.
- ♦ *Hedging Risk.* Hedging, including foreign currency hedging, is a strategy in which the International Fund uses a derivative to offset the risks associated with other Fund holdings. There can be no assurance that the International Fund's hedging strategy will reduce risk or that hedging transactions will be either available or cost effective. The International Fund is not required to use hedging and may choose not to do so.
- ♦ *Junk Bond Risk.* Lower-rated or defaulted debt securities may fluctuate more in price, and are less liquid than higher-rated securities because issuers of such lower-rated debt securities are not as strong financially, and are more likely to encounter financial difficulties and be more vulnerable to adverse changes in the economy.
- ♦ *Large-Cap Company Risk.* Large-capitalization companies may be less able than smaller capitalization companies to adapt to changing market conditions. Large-capitalization companies may be more mature and subject to more limited growth potential compared with smaller capitalization companies. During different market cycles, the performance of large capitalization companies has trailed the overall performance of the broader securities markets.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

- ♦ **Management Risk.** The investment process used by the International Fund's portfolio manager could fail to achieve the International Fund's investment goal and cause an investment in the International Fund to lose value.
- ♦ **Market and Geopolitical Risk.** The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the International Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate change and climate-related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, international conflicts, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets.
- ♦ **Mid-Cap Company Risk.** Mid-cap companies in which the International Fund may invest may be more vulnerable to adverse business or economic events than larger, more established companies. In particular, these mid-sized companies may pose additional risks, including liquidity risk, because these companies tend to have limited product lines, markets and financial resources, and may depend upon a relatively small management group. Therefore, mid-cap stocks may be more volatile than those of larger companies.
- ♦ **Regulatory Risk.** Changes in the laws or regulations of the United States or other countries, including any changes to applicable tax laws and regulations, could impair the ability of the International Fund to achieve its investment objective and could increase the operating expenses of the International Fund.
- ♦ **Securities Lending Risk.** The International Fund may lend portfolio securities to U.S. Government securities dealers and to institutions, such as banks and certain broker-dealers. The International Fund may experience a loss or delay in the recovery of its securities if the borrower breaches its agreement with the International Fund.
- ♦ **Small-Cap Company Risk.** To the extent the International Fund invests in the stocks of smaller-sized companies, the International Fund may be subject to additional risks. The earnings and prospects of these companies are more volatile than larger companies. Smaller-sized companies may experience higher failure rates than do larger companies.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

- ♦ *Value Investing Risk.* Value investing attempts to identify companies selling at a discount to their intrinsic value. Value investing is subject to the risk that a company's intrinsic value may never be fully realized by the market or that a company judged by the Adviser to be undervalued may actually be appropriately priced. Additionally, securities that exhibit value characteristics tend to perform differently and shift into and out of favor with investors depending on changes in market and economic sentiment and conditions.
- ♦ *Volatility Risk.* The International Fund may have investments that appreciate or decrease significantly in value over short periods of time. This may cause the International Fund's NAV per share to experience significant increases or declines in value over short periods of time.

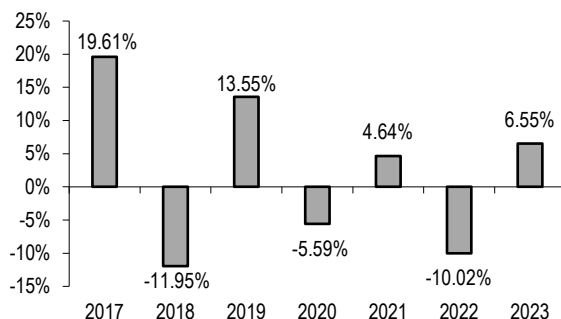
Performance. The International Fund acquired all of the assets and liabilities of Centerstone International Fund, a series of Centerstone Investment Trust, (the "Predecessor Fund") in a tax-free reorganization on March 5, 2021. In connection with this acquisition, shares of the Predecessor Fund's Class A, Class C and Class I Shares were exchanged for Class A, Class C and Class I Shares of the International Fund, respectively. The Predecessor Fund had an investment objective and strategies that were, in all material respects, the same as those of the International Fund, and was managed in a manner that, in all material respects, complied with the investment guidelines and restrictions of the International Fund. The International Fund is a continuation of the Predecessor Fund, and therefore, the performance information for the period prior to the reorganization is that of the Predecessor Fund.

The bar chart and performance table below show the variability of the Predecessor Fund's returns, which may be an indication of the risks of investing in the International Fund. The bar chart shows performance of the International Fund's Class I shares for each full calendar year since the Predecessor Fund's inception. After tax returns for Class A and Class C shares, which are not presented, will vary from the returns of Class I shares. The performance table compares the performance of the International Fund over time to the performance of a broad-based securities market index. You should be aware that the Predecessor Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) may not be an indication of how the International Fund will perform in the future. Also, shareholder reports containing financial and performance information are delivered to shareholders semi-annually. Updated performance information will be available at no cost by calling the International Fund toll-free at 877.314.9006.

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

Performance Bar Chart
Calendar Year Ended December 31



Best Quarter: 4th Quarter 2020, 17.78%
 Worst Quarter: 1st Quarter 2020, (29.63)%

The year-to-date return as of the most recent fiscal quarter, which ended June 30, 2024, was (2.64)%.

Performance Table
Average Annualized Total Returns
For periods ended December 31, 2023

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception of the Predecessor Fund (05-03-2016)
Class I Return before taxes	6.55%	1.47%	2.02%
Class I Return after taxes on distributions	6.45%	1.39%	1.75%
Class I Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares	5.00%	1.56%	1.81%
Class A Return with sales charge before taxes	1.02%	0.17%	1.10%
Class C Return before taxes	5.56%	0.48%	1.08%
MSCI ACWI ex-US Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes) ⁽¹⁾	15.62%	7.08%	6.30%

(1) The MSCI ACWI ex-US Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets, excluding the US. The index is not available for direct investment.

After-tax returns are calculated using the highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rate and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on a shareholder's tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns are not relevant if you hold your International Fund shares in tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts ("IRA").

SUMMARY SECTION

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

Investment Adviser. Centerstone Investors, LLC serves as the International Fund's Adviser.

Portfolio Manager. The following individual serves as the International Fund's portfolio manager:

Portfolio Manager	Primary Title	With the International Fund since
Abhay Deshpande, CFA	Founder & Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser	May 2016

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares. You may conduct transactions by mail (Centerstone International Fund, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100, Elkhorn, NE 68022-3474), or by telephone at 877.314.9006. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem International Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial investment for Class A shares, Class C shares and Class I shares is \$2,500, (\$1,000 for IRAs and other retirement plans). The minimum subsequent investment amount is \$100 for each Class (also \$100 for IRAs and other retirement plans). There is no minimum initial or subsequent investment requirement for qualified retirement plans or other defined contribution plans and defined benefit plans that invest in the International Fund through omnibus arrangements. These limits are applied on a per transaction basis. The International Fund may waive or reduce its minimum investment amount from time to time in the sole discretion of the Adviser.

Tax Information. The International Fund's distributions are taxable and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries. If you purchase International Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the International Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of International Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the International Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Investors Fund is to seek long-term growth of capital.

The Investors Fund's investment objective may be changed without the approval of the Investors Fund's shareholders upon 60 days' written notice to shareholders.

Principal Investment Strategies

To achieve its objective of long-term capital growth, the Investors Fund normally invests at least 60% of its net assets in equity and equity related securities and up to 40% of its total assets in fixed income instruments (without regard to credit rating or time to maturity). The Investors Fund may also invest in cash and cash equivalents. The Investors Fund primarily invests its assets in common stocks (and securities convertible into common stocks) of U.S. and foreign companies. The Investors Fund may also invest in foreign and domestic preferred equity securities and ADRs. The Investors Fund may generally invest in the following fixed income securities: notes, bills and debentures, bank debt obligations, high-yield debt securities rated below investment grade, convertible securities, Rule 144A securities (Rule 144A securities are restricted securities that can be resold to qualified institutional buyers but not to the general public); and securities issued by supranational (*i.e.*, international government or quasi-government) organizations and sovereign debt securities. The Investors Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in lower-rated or defaulted debt securities (including so-called "junk bonds"), corporate debt, comparable unrated debt securities, or other indebtedness (or participations in the indebtedness) of such companies. The Investors Fund may also invest up to 10% of its total assets in precious metals such as gold or silver, or in instruments related to such precious metals such as commodity contracts, options on such contracts, structured notes and ETFs. Investors Fund may invest in the foregoing securities or assets directly or gain exposure to such securities or assets indirectly by investing in ETFs or other investment companies.

The Investors Fund particularly seeks companies that have financial strength and stability, strong management and fundamental value. The Adviser follows a global, bottom-up oriented long-term investment philosophy. The investment philosophy and strategy of the Investors Fund seeks a "margin of safety" in investments with the goal being to avoid permanent impairment of capital (as opposed to temporary losses in share value relating to shifting investor sentiment or other normal share price volatility). In particular, a discount to "intrinsic value" is sought even for the best of businesses, with a

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

deeper discount demanded for companies that the Adviser views as under business model, balance sheet, management or other stresses. “Intrinsic value” is based on our judgment of what a prudent and rational business buyer would pay in cash for all of the company in normal markets. For these reasons, the Investors Fund may seek investments in the equity securities of companies in industries that are believed to be temporarily depressed.

Equity securities are selected based on their price versus value, business quality and balance sheet strength, among other factors. Investment decisions for the Investors Fund are made without regard to the capitalization (size) of the companies in which it invests. The Investors Fund may invest in any size company, including large, medium and smaller companies. Under normal circumstances, the Investors Fund anticipates allocating a significant amount of its net assets to foreign investments. That generally means that at least 15% of the Investors Fund’s net assets is allocated to foreign investments (the Investors Fund expects at least 30% of its equity investments normally to be in foreign equities).

The Adviser may invest the Investors Fund’s assets in any region of the world. It may invest in companies based in emerging markets, typically in the Far East, Latin America and Eastern Europe, however, the emphasis is in companies operating in developed countries, such as those of the U.S., Canada, Japan and Western Europe.

The Investors Fund may invest a portion of its assets in derivative instruments. These include forward contracts and futures contracts. The Investors Fund may invest in derivatives primarily to seek to hedge exposure to certain markets and securities and/or for non-hedging speculative purposes that seek to take maximum advantage of market fluctuations. The Investors Fund may seek to hedge its exposure to foreign currencies, typically through the use of foreign currency derivatives, including currency forward contracts and may engage in currency transactions with counterparties to gain or reduce exposure to certain currencies or to generate income or gains.

The Adviser considers selling a security when it determines that such security no longer offers fundamental value or financial strength and stability.

The Investors Fund may take an activist role, where it seeks to influence or control management, or invest in other companies that do so when the Adviser believes the Investors Fund may benefit. The Investors Fund may invest in securities of companies that are, or are about to be, involved in reorganizations, financial restructurings or bankruptcy, which may involve the purchase of bank debt. The Investors Fund may also participate in arbitrage opportunities.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

The Investors Fund focuses its investments in areas where the Adviser finds the most compelling opportunities at any given moment and on situations that, in the Adviser's opinion, have the potential for capital appreciation. The Adviser examines each security separately and does not apply a predetermined formula. In order to maintain investment flexibility, the Adviser has not established guidelines as to the size of an issuer, its earnings, or the industry in which it operates in order for a security to be included or excluded for purchase by the Investors Fund.

The Investors Fund may also engage in securities lending to generate income.

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the International Fund is to seek long-term growth of capital.

The International Fund's investment objective may be changed without the approval of the International Fund's shareholders upon 60 days' written notice to shareholders.

Principal Investment Strategies

To achieve its objective of long-term capital growth, normally, the International Fund invests at least 60% of its net assets in foreign (non-U.S.) equity securities. Equity securities are selected based on their price versus value, business quality and balance sheet strength, among other factors. The International Fund also may invest up to 40% of its total assets in debt instruments (including those of foreign issuers). The International Fund may also invest in cash and cash equivalents. The International Fund may generally invest in the following fixed income securities: notes, bills and debentures, bank debt obligations, high-yield debt securities rated below investment grade, convertible securities, Rule 144A securities (Rule 144A securities are restricted securities that can be resold to qualified institutional buyers but not to the general public); and securities issued by supranational organizations and sovereign debt securities. The International Fund may invest in debt securities generally without regard to their credit rating or time to maturity. The International Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in lower-rated or defaulted debt securities (including so-called "junk bonds"), corporate debt, comparable unrated debt securities, or other indebtedness (or participations in the indebtedness) of such companies. In selecting debt securities to achieve the International Fund's investment objective, the Adviser considers the likelihood of default and the potential for capital appreciation. The

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

International Fund may also invest up to 10% of its total assets in precious metals such as gold or silver, or in instruments related to such precious metals such as commodity contracts, options on such contracts, structured notes and ETFs. The International Fund may invest in the foregoing securities or assets directly or gain exposure to such securities or assets indirectly by investing in ETFs or other investment companies.

The International Fund particularly seeks companies that have financial strength and stability, strong management and fundamental value. The Adviser follows a bottom-up oriented long-term investment philosophy. The International Fund identifies investment opportunities through intensive research of individual companies and generally does not focus or rely on current stock market conditions and other macro factors when assessing potential investment opportunities. The investment philosophy and strategy of the International Fund seeks a “margin of safety” in investments with the goal being to avoid permanent impairment of capital (as opposed to temporary losses in share value relating to shifting investor sentiment or other normal share price volatility). In particular, a discount to “intrinsic value” is sought even for the best of businesses, with a deeper discount demanded for companies that the Adviser views as under business model, balance sheet, management or other stresses. “Intrinsic value” is based on the Adviser’s judgment of what a prudent and rational business buyer would pay in cash for all of the company in normal markets. For these reasons, the International Fund may seek investments in the equity securities of companies in industries that are believed to be temporarily depressed. The International Fund determines an issuer’s economic ties to a particular country based on the location where such issuer is headquartered or incorporated, and the location from where the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits, if such location is other than the location where such issuer is headquartered or incorporated.

Investment decisions for the International Fund are made without regard to the capitalization (size) of the companies in which it invests. The International Fund may invest in any size company, including large, medium and smaller companies.

The International Fund invests primarily in equity securities of companies traded in mature markets (markets that already have a number of established companies, for example, Japan, Germany and France) and may invest in countries whose economies are still developing (sometimes called “emerging markets”). The International Fund intends to invest its assets in investments that are tied economically to a number of countries throughout the world. Under normal circumstances, the International Fund invests in issuers located in at least three different countries (not including the U.S. although the International Fund may also invest in U.S. issuers).

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

The Adviser considers selling a security when it determines that such security no longer offers fundamental value or financial strength and stability.

The International Fund may invest a portion of its assets in derivative instruments. These include forward contracts and futures contracts. The International Fund may invest in derivatives primarily to seek to hedge exposure to certain markets and securities and/or for non-hedging speculative purposes that seek to take maximum advantage of market fluctuations. The International Fund may seek to hedge its exposure to foreign currencies, typically through the use of foreign currency derivatives, including currency forward contracts and may engage in currency transactions with counterparties to gain or reduce exposure to certain currencies or to generate income or gains.

The International Fund may take an activist role, where it seeks to influence or control management, or invest in other companies that do so when the Adviser believes the International Fund may benefit. The International Fund may invest in securities of companies that are, or are about to be, involved in reorganizations, financial restructurings or bankruptcy, which may involve the purchase of bank debt. The International Fund may also participate in arbitrage opportunities.

The International Fund focuses its investments in areas where the Adviser finds the most compelling opportunities at any given moment and on situations that, in the Adviser's opinion, have the potential for capital appreciation. The Adviser examines each security separately and does not apply a predetermined formula. In order to maintain investment flexibility, the Adviser has not established guidelines as to the size of an issuer, its earnings, or the industry in which it operates in order for a security to be included or excluded for purchase by the International Fund.

The International Fund may also engage in securities lending to generate income.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds

Before investing in the Investors Fund or International Fund (each a "Fund" and collectively, the "Funds"), you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested and the amount of risk you are willing to take. **Remember that in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose money by investing in the Funds.** The value of your investment in the Funds will go up and down with the prices of the securities in which the Funds invest. The principal risks of investing in the Funds are:

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

ADR Risk (Investors Fund only). ADRs may be subject to some of the same risks as direct investment in foreign companies, which includes international trade, currency, political, regulatory and diplomatic risks. In a sponsored ADR arrangement, the foreign issuer assumes the obligation to pay some or all of the depositary's transaction fees. Under an unsponsored ADR arrangement, the foreign issuer assumes no obligations and the depositary's transaction fees are paid directly by the ADR holders. Because unsponsored ADR arrangements are organized independently and without the cooperation of the issuer of the underlying securities, available information concerning the foreign issuer may not be as current as for sponsored ADRs and voting rights with respect to the deposited securities that are not passed through.

Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk. At any time, a Fund may have significant investments in cash or cash equivalents. When a substantial portion of a portfolio is held in cash or cash equivalents, there is the risk that the value of the cash account, including interest, will not keep pace with inflation, thus reducing purchasing power over time.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a bond or other instrument will not be able to make payments of interest and principal when due. Changes in an issuer's credit rating or the market's perception of an issuer's creditworthiness may also affect the value of a Fund's investment in that issuer. The value of the debt securities held by a Fund fluctuates with the credit quality of the issuers of those securities. A Fund could lose money if the issuer of a security is unable to meet its financial obligations or goes bankrupt. In addition, fluctuations in interest rates can affect the value of debt instruments held by a Fund. An increase in interest rates tends to reduce the market value of debt instruments, while a decline in interest rates tends to increase their values. Longer-duration instruments tend to be more sensitive to interest rate changes than those with shorter durations.

Currency Risk. If a Fund invests in securities that trade in, and receive revenues in, foreign currencies, it will be subject to the risk that those currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar, or, in the case of hedging positions, that the U.S. dollar will decline in value relative to the currency being hedged. As a result, a Fund's investments in foreign currency-denominated securities may reduce the Fund's returns.

Derivatives Risk. A Fund's and its underlying ETFs' use of derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. These risks include (i) the risk that the counterparty to a derivative transaction may not fulfill its contractual obligations; (ii) risk of mispricing or improper valuation; and (iii) the risk that changes in the value

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset. Derivative prices are highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially during a short period of time. Such prices are influenced by numerous factors that affect the markets, including, but not limited to: changing supply and demand relationships; government programs and policies; national and international political and economic events, changes in interest rates, inflation and deflation and changes in supply and demand relationships. Trading derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities. Derivative contracts ordinarily have leverage inherent in their terms. The low margin deposits normally required in trading derivatives, including futures contracts, permit a high degree of leverage. Accordingly, a relatively small price movement may result in an immediate and substantial loss to the underlying ETF. The use of leverage may also cause the underlying ETF to liquidate portfolio positions when it would not be advantageous to do so in order to satisfy its obligations or to meet collateral segregation requirements. The use of leveraged derivatives can magnify the underlying ETFs' potential for gain or loss and, therefore, amplify the effects of market volatility on share price. Because option premiums paid or received are small in relation to the market value of the investments underlying the options, buying and selling put and call options can be more speculative than investing directly in securities.

- *Futures and Forwards Contracts Risk.* The primary risks associated with the use of forward and futures contracts are (a) the imperfect correlation between the change in market value of the instruments held by a Fund and the price of the forward or futures contract; (b) possible lack of a liquid secondary market for a forward or futures contract and the resulting inability to close a forward or futures contract when desired; (c) losses caused by unanticipated market movements, which are potentially unlimited; (d) the Adviser's inability to predict correctly the direction of securities prices, interest rates, currency exchange rates and other economic factors; (e) the possibility that the counterparty will default in the performance of its obligations; and (f) if a Fund has insufficient cash, it may have to sell securities from its portfolio to meet daily variation margin requirements, and the Fund may have to sell securities at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so.

Emerging Markets Risk. A Fund may invest in countries with newly organized or less developed securities markets. There are typically greater risks involved in investing in emerging markets securities. Generally, economic structures in these countries are less diverse and mature than those in developed countries and their political systems tend to be less stable. There may also be less reliable or publicly-available information about emerging markets due to non-uniform regulatory, auditing or financial recordkeeping standards, which could cause errors in the implementation of a Fund's investment strategy. Emerging

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

market economies may be based on only a few industries, therefore security issuers, including governments, may be more susceptible to economic weakness and more likely to default. Emerging market countries also may have relatively unstable governments, weaker economies, and less-developed legal systems with fewer security holder rights. A Fund's performance may depend on issues other than those that affect U.S. companies and may be adversely affected by different rights and remedies associated with emerging market investments, or the lack thereof, compared to those associated with U.S. companies. Investments in emerging markets countries may be affected by government policies that restrict foreign investment in certain issuers or industries. The potentially smaller size of their securities markets and lower trading volumes can make investments relatively illiquid and potentially more volatile than investments in developed countries, and such securities may be subject to abrupt and severe price declines. Due to this relative lack of liquidity, a Fund may have to accept a lower price or may not be able to sell a portfolio security at all. An inability to sell a portfolio position can adversely affect a Fund's value or prevent a Fund from being able to meet cash obligations or take advantage of other investment opportunities.

Equity Securities Risk. The Funds invest primarily in common stock which subjects each Fund and its shareholders to the risks associated with common stock investing. These risks include the financial risk of selecting securities that do not perform as anticipated, the risk that the stock markets in which a Fund invests may experience periods of turbulence and instability, and the general risk that domestic and global economies may go through periods of decline and cyclical change. The Funds may also invest in preferred stock which is subject to many of the risks associated with debt securities, including interest rate risk. In addition, preferred stock may not pay a dividend, an issuer may suspend payment of dividends on preferred stock at any time, and in certain situations an issuer may call or redeem its preferred stock or convert it to common stock. Many factors affect the performance of each company, including the strength of the company's management or the demand for its product or services. You should be aware that the value of a company's share price may decline as a result of poor decisions made by management or lower demand for the company's products or services. In addition, a company's share price may also decline if its earnings or revenues fall short of expectations. There are overall stock market risks that may also affect the value of the Funds. Over time, stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods when stock prices rise generally and periods when stock prices decline generally. The value of the Funds' investments may increase or decrease more than stock markets in general. The Funds are subject to these same risks to the extent that they invest directly in common stocks.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

ETF Risk. Your cost of investing in a Fund will be higher than the cost of investing directly in ETFs and may be higher than other mutual funds that invest directly in stocks. You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the ETFs in addition to the Fund's direct fees and expenses. Investment in a Fund should be made with the understanding that the ETFs in which the Fund invests will not be able to replicate exactly the performance of the indices they track because the total return generated by the securities will be reduced by transaction costs incurred in adjusting the actual balance of the securities. In addition, the ETFs in which a Fund invests will incur expenses not incurred by their applicable indices. The market value of ETF shares may differ from their NAV. This difference in price may be due to the fact that the supply and demand in the market for fund shares at any point in time is not always identical to the supply and demand in the market for the underlying basket of securities. Accordingly, there may be times when shares trade at a premium or discount to NAV.

- **Index-Related Risk:** The ETFs in which a Fund invests are subject to the risks associated with changes to the index the ETFs are designed to track.
- **Passive Investment Risk:** The ETFs in which a Fund invests may be affected by a general decline in market segments related to the index the ETFs are designed to track.
- **Tracking Error Risk:** Investment in a Fund should be made with the understanding that the passive ETFs in which the Fund invests will not be able to replicate exactly the performance of the index they track because the total return generated by the securities will be reduced by transaction costs incurred in adjusting the actual balance of the securities. In addition, the passive ETFs in which a Fund invests will incur expenses not incurred by their applicable index. Certain securities comprising the index tracked by the passive ETFs may, from time to time, temporarily.

Fixed Income Risk. When a Fund invests in fixed income securities (without regard to credit rating or time to maturity), the value of your investment in the International Fund will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of fixed income securities owned by a Fund. In general, the market price of fixed income securities with longer maturities will increase or decrease more in response to changes in interest rates than shorter-term securities. Other risk factors include credit risk (the debtor may default) and prepayment risk (the debtor may pay its obligation early, reducing the amount of interest payments). These risks could affect the value of a particular investment by a Fund, possibly causing the Fund's share price and total return to be reduced and fluctuate more than other types of investments.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

Foreign Investment Risk. To the extent the underlying funds invest in foreign securities, a Fund could be subject to greater risks because the Fund's performance may depend on issues other than the performance of a particular company or U.S. market sector. Changes in foreign economies and political climates are more likely to affect a Fund than a mutual fund that invests exclusively in U.S. companies. The value of foreign securities is also affected by the value of the local currency relative to the U.S. dollar. There may also be less government supervision of foreign markets, resulting in non-uniform accounting practices and less publicly available information. The values of foreign investments may be affected by changes in exchange control regulations, application of foreign tax laws (including withholding tax), changes in governmental administration or economic or monetary policy (in this country or abroad) or changed circumstances in dealings between nations. In addition, foreign brokerage commissions, custody fees and other costs of investing in foreign securities are generally higher than in the United States. Investments in foreign issues could be affected by other factors not present in the United States, including expropriation, armed conflict, confiscatory taxation, and potential difficulties in enforcing contractual obligations. As a result, a Fund may be exposed to greater risk and will be more dependent on the Adviser's ability to assess such risk than if the Fund invested solely in more developed countries.

Gold and Precious Metals Risk. A Fund may invest directly and indirectly in precious metals. Gold and other precious metals prices can be influenced by a variety of economic, financial and political factors, especially inflation: when inflation is low or expected to fall, prices tend to be weak. Any market price movements, regulatory or technological changes, or economic conditions affecting gold-related investments may have an impact on a Fund's performance. Additionally, there are certain considerations related to gold and other direct precious metal investments, including custody and transaction costs that may be higher than those involving securities.

Hedging Risk. Hedging, including foreign currency hedging, is a strategy in which a Fund uses a derivative to offset the risks associated with other Fund holdings. While hedging can reduce losses, it can also reduce or eliminate gains or cause losses if the market moves in a manner adverse to the portfolio construction employed by a Fund or if the cost of the derivative outweighs the benefit of the hedge. Hedging also involves the risk that changes in the value of the derivative will not match those of the holdings being hedged as expected by a Fund, in which case any losses on the holdings being hedged may not be reduced and may be increased. There can be no assurance that a Fund's hedging strategy will reduce risk or that hedging transactions will be either available or cost effective. The Funds are not required to use hedging and may choose not to do so.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

Junk Bond Risk. Securities rated below investment grade, sometimes called “junk bonds,” and the type of unrated debt securities purchased by a Fund, generally are considered to have more risk than higher-rated securities. They may also fluctuate more in price, and are less liquid than higher-rated securities. Their prices are especially sensitive to developments affecting the company’s business and to ratings changes, and typically rise and fall in response to factors that affect the company’s stock prices. Issuers of such lower-rated debt securities are not as strong financially, and are more likely to encounter financial difficulties and be more vulnerable to adverse changes in the economy, such as a recession or a sustained period of rising interest rates. The risk that a Fund may lose its entire investment in defaulted bonds is greater in comparison to investing in non-defaulted bonds.

Large-Cap Companies Risk. Large-capitalization companies may be less able than smaller capitalization companies to adapt to changing market conditions. Large-capitalization companies may be more mature and subject to more limited growth potential compared with smaller capitalization companies. During different market cycles, the performance of large capitalization companies has trailed the overall performance of the broader securities markets.

Management Risk. The Adviser’s reliance on its strategy and its judgments about the value and potential appreciation securities in which a Fund invests may prove to be incorrect, including the Adviser’s tactical allocation of the Fund’s portfolio among its investments. The ability of a Fund to meet its investment objective is directly related to the Adviser’s investment process. The Adviser’s assessment of the relative value of securities, their attractiveness and potential appreciation of particular investments in which a Fund invests may prove to be incorrect and there is no guarantee that the Adviser’s investment strategy will produce the desired results.

Market and Geopolitical Risk. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in a Fund’s portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate change and climate-related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, international conflicts, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets. It is difficult to predict when similar events affecting the U.S. or global financial markets may occur, the effects that such events may have and the duration of those effects. Any such event(s) could have a significant adverse impact on the value and risk profile of a

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

Fund's portfolio. The COVID-19 global pandemic and the aggressive responses taken by many governments had negative impacts, and in many cases severe negative impacts, on markets worldwide. It is not known how long such impacts, or any future impacts of other significant events described above, will or would last, but there could be a prolonged period of global economic slowdown, which may impact your Fund investment. Therefore, a Fund could lose money over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns. During a general market downturn, multiple asset classes may be negatively affected. Changes in market conditions and interest rates can have the same impact on all types of securities and instruments. In times of severe market disruptions, you could lose your entire investment.

Mid-Cap Company Risk. The earnings and prospects of medium sized companies are more volatile than larger companies and may experience higher failure rates than larger companies. Medium sized companies normally have a lower trading volume than larger companies, which may tend to make their market price fall more disproportionately than larger companies in response to selling pressures and may have limited markets, product lines, or financial resources and lack management experience.

Regulatory Risk. Changes in the laws or regulations of the United States or other countries, including any changes to applicable tax laws and regulations, could impair the ability of a Fund to achieve its investment objective and could increase the operating expenses of the Fund. For example, new (or revised) laws or regulations may be imposed by the SEC, the CFTC, the IRS, the U.S. Federal Reserve or other governmental regulatory authorities or self-regulatory organizations that could adversely affect a Fund. A Fund also may be adversely affected by changes in the enforcement or interpretation of existing statutes and rules by governmental regulatory authorities or self-regulatory organizations. Regulators around the globe have increasingly taken measures to seek to increase the stability of the financial markets, including by proposing rules that may curtail a Fund's ability to use derivative and other instruments. The Adviser continues to evaluate these measures, and there can be no assurance that they will not adversely affect a Fund and its performance.

Securities Lending Risk. To realize additional income, a Fund may lend portfolio securities with an aggregate value of up to one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets, including any collateral received from the loans. A Fund receives collateral at least equal to the market value of the securities loaned at each loan's inception. The collateral a Fund receives will generally take the form of cash, U.S. government securities, letters of credit, or other collateral as deemed appropriate by the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). A Fund may use any cash collateral it receives to invest in short-term investments, including money market funds. It is the Trust's policy to obtain additional collateral from or return excess collateral to the borrower by the end of the next business day. Therefore, from

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

time to time the value of the collateral received by a Fund may be less than the value of the securities on loan. A Fund shall either (i) receive a fee in connection with the securities lending transaction(s) or (ii) have the opportunity to derive compensation through the investment of any cash collateral, in each case net of any related payment owed to the borrower or any agent. The risks associated with lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of secured credit, include, but are not limited to, possible delays in receiving additional collateral or in the recovery of the securities loaned, possible loss of rights in the collateral should the borrower fail financially, as well as risk of loss in the value of the collateral or the value of the investments made with the collateral.

Small-Cap Company Risk. To the extent a Fund invests in the stocks of smaller-sized companies, the Fund may be subject to additional risks. The earnings and prospects of these companies are more volatile than larger companies. Smaller-sized companies may experience higher failure rates than do larger companies.

Value Investing Risk. Value investing attempts to identify companies selling at a discount to their intrinsic value. Value investing is subject to the risk that a company's intrinsic value may never be fully realized by the market or that a company judged by the Adviser to be undervalued may actually be appropriately priced. Additionally, securities that exhibit value characteristics tend to perform differently and shift into and out of favor with investors depending on changes in market and economic sentiment and conditions.

Volatility Risk. A Fund may have investments that appreciate or decrease significantly in value over short periods of time. This may cause the Fund's NAV per share to experience significant increases or declines in value over short periods of time.

Temporary Investments

To respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions, each Fund may invest 100% of its total assets, without limitation, in high-quality short-term debt securities and money market instruments. These short-term debt securities and money market instruments include: shares of money market mutual funds, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements. While a Fund is in a defensive position, the opportunity to achieve its investment objective will be limited. Furthermore, to the extent that a Fund invests in money market mutual funds for cash positions, there will be some duplication of expenses because shareholders will pay the fees and expenses of the Fund and, indirectly, the fees and expenses of the underlying money market funds. Each Fund may also invest a substantial portion of its assets in such instruments at any time to maintain liquidity or pending selection of investments in accordance with its policies.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

Portfolio Holdings Information

A description of the policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the portfolio holdings for the Funds is available in the Funds' SAI. Currently, disclosure of the Funds' holdings is required to be made quarterly within 60 days of the end of each fiscal quarter in the annual and semi-annual reports to Fund shareholders and in the quarterly holdings report on Form N-PORT. The annual and semi-annual reports for the Funds are available by contacting the Funds, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100, Elkhorn, NE 68022-3474 or calling 877.314.9006.

Cybersecurity

The computer systems, networks and devices used by the Funds and their service providers to carry out routine business operations employ a variety of protections designed to prevent damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunication failures, infiltration by unauthorized persons and security breaches. Despite the various protections utilized by the Funds and their service providers, systems, networks, or devices potentially can be breached. The Funds and their shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of a cybersecurity breach.

Cybersecurity breaches can include unauthorized access to systems, networks, or devices; infection from computer viruses or other malicious software code; and attacks that shut down, disable, slow, or otherwise disrupt operations, business processes, or website access or functionality. Cybersecurity breaches may cause disruptions and impact a Fund's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses; interference with a Fund's ability to calculate its NAV; impediments to trading; the inability of the Funds, the Adviser, and other service providers to transact business; violations of applicable privacy and other laws; regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs; as well as the inadvertent release of confidential information.

Similar adverse consequences could result from cybersecurity breaches affecting issuers of securities in which the Funds invest; counterparties with which the Funds engage in transactions; governmental and other regulatory authorities; exchange and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, and other financial institutions (including financial intermediaries and service providers for a Fund's shareholders); and other parties.

In addition, substantial costs may be incurred by these entities in order to prevent any cybersecurity breaches in the future.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS

The Adviser

Centerstone Investors, LLC, located at 228 Park Avenue S, Suite 75938, New York, New York 10003, serves as investment adviser and manages each Fund's investments subject to the supervision of the Board. Under the Advisory Agreement, the Investors Fund compensates the Adviser for its investment advisory services at the annual rate of 0.90% of the Investors Fund's average daily net assets, payable on a monthly basis and the International Fund compensates the Adviser for its investment advisory services at the annual rate of 0.90% of the International Fund's average daily net assets, payable on a monthly basis. As of March 31, 2024, the Adviser had approximately \$482 million in assets under management. For the most recent fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, the Adviser received an advisory fee equal to 0.79% and 0.00% of the average daily net assets of the Investors Fund and the International Fund, respectively. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the Investment Advisory Agreement is available in the Funds' March 31, 2024 annual shareholder report.

Subject to the general supervision of the Board, the Adviser is responsible for managing each Fund in accordance with its investment objective and policies using the approach discussed in the "Summary Sections" and "Investment Strategies, Related Risks and Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings" section of this Prospectus. The Adviser also maintains related records for the Funds.

Fund Expenses. Each Fund is responsible for its own operating expenses. Pursuant to an operating expense limitation agreement between the Adviser and the Trust, on behalf of each Fund, the Adviser has agreed to reduce its management fees and/or pay expenses of the Funds to ensure that the total amount of Fund operating expenses (but does not include any front-end or contingent deferred loads, brokerage fees and commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short), taxes and extraordinary expenses such as litigation) do not exceed 1.35%, 2.10% and 1.10% of the Investors Fund's average net assets for Class A, Class C and Class I shares, respectively, and 1.35%, 2.10% and 1.10% of the International Fund's average net assets for Class A, Class C and Class I shares respectively, through August 1, 2026 subject thereafter to annual renewal of the agreement by the Board. The Adviser is permitted to receive reimbursement from each Fund for fees it waived and Fund expenses it paid, subject to the limitation that: (1) the reimbursement for fees and expenses will be made only if payable within three years from the date the fees and expenses were initially waived or reimbursed; and (2) the reimbursement may not be made if it would cause the expense limitation in effect at the time of the waiver or currently in effect, whichever is lower, to be exceeded. This Operating Expense Limitation Agreement may be terminated by the Board only on 60 days' written notice to the Adviser or upon termination of the Advisory Agreement between the Trust and the Adviser.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS

Portfolio Manager

Abhay Deshpande, CFA. Mr. Deshpande is the Founder & Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser. He has more than 30 years of market experience. Prior to founding the Adviser in 2015, Mr. Deshpande was a part of First Eagle Investment Management, LLC, which he joined in 2000, and served as a senior member of the First Eagle Global Value analyst team and as a portfolio manager for a number of accounts before assuming portfolio management responsibilities for several funds in September 2007. Prior to 2000, Mr. Deshpande spent three years as a research analyst with Harris Associates, investment adviser to the Oakmark Funds.

The SAI provides additional information about the Portfolio Manager's compensation, other accounts managed by the Portfolio Manager and the Portfolio Manager's ownership of securities in the Funds.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Share Price

Shares of each Fund are sold at NAV. The NAV of each Fund is determined at close of regular trading (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) on each day the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for business. NAV is computed by determining, on a per class basis, the aggregate market value of all assets of a Fund, less its liabilities, divided by the total number of shares outstanding $((\text{assets}-\text{liabilities})/\text{number of shares} = \text{NAV})$. The NYSE is closed on weekends and New Year’s Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents’ Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth National Independence Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The NAV takes into account, on a per class basis, the expenses and fees of a Fund, including management, administration, and distribution fees, which are accrued daily. The determination of NAV for a share class for a particular day is applicable to all applications for the purchase of shares, as well as all requests for the redemption of shares, received by the Fund (or an authorized broker or agent, or its authorized designee) before the close of trading on the NYSE on that day.

Generally, each Fund’s securities are valued each day at the last quoted sales price on each security’s primary exchange. Securities traded or dealt in upon one or more securities exchanges (whether domestic or foreign) for which market quotations are readily available and not subject to restrictions against resale shall be valued at the last quoted sales price on the primary exchange or, in the absence of a sale on the primary exchange, at the mean between the current bid ask prices on such exchanges. Securities primarily traded in the National Association of Securities Dealers’ Automated Quotation System (“NASDAQ”) National Market System for which market quotations are readily available shall be valued using the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Securities that are not traded or dealt in any securities exchange (whether domestic or foreign) and for which over-the-counter market quotations are readily available generally shall be valued at the last sale price or, in the absence of a sale, at the mean between the current bid and ask price on such over-the-counter market. Debt securities not traded on an exchange may be valued at prices supplied by a pricing agent(s) based on broker or dealer supplied valuations or matrix pricing, a method of valuing securities by reference to the value of other securities with similar characteristics, such as rating, interest rate and maturity.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

If market quotations are not readily available, securities will be valued at their fair market value as determined using the “fair value” procedures approved by the Board. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different from the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security. The fair value prices can differ from market prices when they become available or when a price becomes available. The Board has designated the Adviser as its “Valuation Designee” to execute these procedures. The Adviser may also enlist third party consultants such as an audit firm or financial officer of a security issuer on an as-needed basis to assist in determining a security-specific fair value. The Board reviews the execution of this process and the resultant fair value prices at least quarterly to assure the process produces reliable results.

Each Fund may use independent pricing services to assist in calculating the value of its securities. In addition, market prices for foreign securities are not determined at the same time of day as the NAV for each Fund. Because the Funds may invest in underlying ETFs which hold portfolio securities primarily listed on foreign exchanges, and these exchanges may trade on weekends or other days when the underlying ETFs do not price their shares, the value of some of the Funds’ portfolio securities may change on days when you may not be able to buy or sell Fund shares.

In computing NAV, each Fund values its foreign securities at the latest closing price on the exchange in which they are traded immediately prior to closing of the NYSE. Prices of foreign securities quoted in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current rates. If events materially affecting the value of a security in each Fund’s portfolio, particularly foreign securities, occur after the close of trading on a foreign market but before each Fund prices its shares, the security may be priced using alternative market prices provided by a pricing service. For example, if trading in a portfolio security is halted and does not resume before a Fund calculates its NAV, alternative market prices may be used to value the security. Without a fair value price, short-term traders could take advantage of the arbitrage opportunity and dilute the NAV of long-term investors. Fair valuation of each Fund’s portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short-term traders, but there is no assurance that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of each Fund’s NAV by short term traders. The determination of fair value involves subjective judgments. As a result, using fair value to price a security may result in a price materially different from the prices used by other mutual funds to determine NAV, or from the price that may be realized upon the actual sale of the security.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

With respect to any portion of a Fund's assets that are invested in one or more open-end management investment companies registered under the 1940 Act, the Fund's NAV is calculated based upon the NAVs of those open-end management investment companies, and the prospectuses for these companies explain the circumstances under which those companies will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing.

How to Purchase Shares

Each Fund offers three share classes so that you can choose the class that best suits your investment needs: Class A, Class C and Class I shares. The main differences between the classes are the ongoing fees. In choosing which class of shares to purchase, you should consider which will be most beneficial to you given your investment goals, the amount of your purchase and the length of time you expect to hold the shares. Each class of shares in a Fund represents an interest in the same portfolio of investments in the Fund. Not all share classes may be available for purchase in all states.

Choosing a Share Class

The Trust has adopted a multiple class plan that allows a Fund to offer one or more classes of shares. The different classes of shares represent investments in the same portfolio of securities, but the classes are subject to different expenses and may have different share prices as outlined below:

- ♦ Class A shares are charged a front-end sales load. The Class A shares are also charged a 0.25% Rule 12b-1 distribution and servicing fee. Class A shares are generally offered through financial intermediary platforms, including, but not limited to, traditional brokerage platforms.
- ♦ Class C shares are sold without an initial sales charge, but are subject to a 1.00% Rule 12b-1 distribution and servicing fee. Class C shares are generally offered through financial intermediary platforms, including, but not limited to, traditional brokerage platforms.
- ♦ Class I shares are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge. This means that 100% of your initial investment is placed into shares of the Fund.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

More About Class A Shares

Class A shares are offered at their public offering price, which is NAV plus the applicable sales charge and is subject to 12b-1 distribution fees of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets of Class A shares. The minimum initial investment for Class A shares in each Fund is \$2,500 (\$1,000 for IRAs and other retirement plans). The minimum subsequent investment amount for each Fund is \$100 (also \$100 for IRAs and other retirement plans). The sales charge varies, depending on how much you invest. There is no minimum initial or subsequent investment requirement for or other defined contribution plans and defined benefit plans that invest in Class A shares of the Funds through omnibus arrangements. The sales charge varies, depending on how much you invest. There are no sales charges on reinvested distributions. A Fund may waive or reduce its minimum investment amount from time to time in the sole discretion of the Adviser.

The following sales charges apply to your purchases of Class A shares of a Fund:

Amount of Transaction	Sales Charge as a % of Public Offering Price ⁽¹⁾	Sales Charge as a % of Net Amount Invested	Dealer Reallowance as a % of Public Offering Price ⁽²⁾
Less than \$25,000	5.00%	5.26%	4.50%
\$25,000 but less than \$50,000	4.50%	4.71%	4.25%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	4.00%	4.17%	3.75%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.25%	3.36%	3.00%
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	2.50%	2.56%	2.25%
\$500,000 but less than \$1,000,000	1.50%	1.52%	1.25%
\$1,000,000 or more	None	None	None

(1) Offering price includes the front-end sales load. The sales charge you pay may differ slightly from the amount set forth above because of rounding that occurs in the calculation used to determine your sales charge.

(2) Represents the amount of the sales charge retained by the selling broker-dealer.

Reducing Your Sales Charge

You may be eligible to purchase Class A shares at a reduced sales charge. To qualify for these reductions, you must notify the Funds' distributor, Northern Lights Distributors, LLC (the "Distributor"), in writing and supply your account number at the time of purchase. You may combine your purchase with those of your "immediate family," which include parents, step-parents, spouse (or legal equivalent under state law), siblings, children, step-children (with respect to current union only), dependents, parents-in-law, brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law, grandchildren and grandparents for purposes of determining eligibility. If applicable, you will need to provide the account numbers of your immediate family members.

Letter of Intent

Under a Letter of Intent (“LOI”), you commit to purchase a specified dollar amount of Class A shares of a Fund, with a minimum of \$25,000, during a 13-month period. At your written request, Class A shares purchases made during the previous 90 days may be included. The amount you agree to purchase determines the initial sales charge you pay. If the full-face amount of the LOI is not invested by the end of the 13-month period, your account will be adjusted to the higher initial sales charge level for the amount actually invested. You are not legally bound by the terms of your LOI to purchase the amount of your shares stated in the LOI. The LOI does, however, authorize a Fund to hold in escrow 5% of the total amount you intend to purchase. If you do not complete the total intended purchase at the end of the 13-month period, the Funds’ transfer agent will redeem the necessary portion of the escrowed shares to make up the difference between the reduced rate sales charge (based on the amount you intended to purchase) and the sales charge that would normally apply (based on the actual amount you purchased).

Rights of Accumulation. To qualify for the lower sales charge rates that apply to larger purchases of Class A shares, you may combine your new purchases of Class A shares with Class A shares of a Fund that you already own. The applicable initial sales charge for the new purchase is based on the total of your current purchase and the current value of all other Class A shares that you own. The reduced sales charge will apply only to current purchases and must be requested in writing when you buy your shares.

Shares of each Fund held as follows cannot be combined with your current purchase for purposes of reduced sales charges:

- ♦ Shares held indirectly through financial intermediaries other than your current purchase broker-dealer (for example, a different broker-dealer, a bank, a separate insurance company account or an investment adviser);
- ♦ Shares held through an administrator or trustee/custodian of an Employer Sponsored Retirement Plan (for example, a 401(k) plan) other than employer-sponsored IRAs;
- ♦ Shares held directly in a Fund account on which the broker-dealer (financial adviser) of record is different than your current purchase broker-dealer.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Waiving Your Class A Sales Charge

The sales charge on purchases of Class A shares is waived for certain types of investors, including:

- Current and retired trustees and officers of funds sponsored by the Adviser or any of its subsidiaries, legal counsel to the Funds and any purchases referred through the Adviser.
- Employees of the Adviser, or any full-time employee or registered representative of the Distributor or of broker-dealers having dealer agreements with the Distributor (a “Selling Broker”).
- Employees of designated asset management firms, other service providers and their affiliates.
- Any full-time employee of a bank, savings and loan, credit union or other financial institution that utilizes a Selling Broker to clear purchases of the fund’s shares.
- Immediate family members of all such persons listed above or any trust, pension, profit sharing or other benefit plan for the benefit of such persons.
- Participants in certain “wrap-fee” or asset allocation programs or other fee-based arrangements sponsored by broker-dealers and other financial institutions that have entered into agreements with the Distributor.
- Clients of financial intermediaries that have entered into arrangements with the Distributor providing for the shares to be used in particular investment products made available to such clients and for which such registered investment advisers may charge a separate fee.
- Institutional investors (which may include bank trust departments and registered investment advisers).
- Any accounts established on behalf of registered investment advisers or their clients by broker-dealers that charge a transaction fee and that have entered into agreements with the Distributor.
- Registered representatives or employees of authorized dealers; or the immediate family members of such persons; or any trust, pension, profit-sharing or other benefit plan for only such persons.
- Banks or trust companies or their affiliates, when the bank, trust company or affiliate is authorized to make investment decisions on behalf of a client.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

- ◆ Investment advisers and financial planners who place trades for their own accounts or the accounts of their clients and who charge a management, consulting or other fee for their services.
- ◆ Clients of such investment advisers and financial planners who place trades for their own accounts, if the accounts are linked to the master account of the investment adviser or financial planner on the books and records of the broker, agent, investment adviser or financial institution.
- ◆ Separate accounts used to fund certain unregistered variable annuity contracts or Section 403(b) or 401(a) or (k) accounts.
- ◆ Employer-sponsored retirement or benefit plans where the plan's investments in a Fund are part of an omnibus account. A minimum initial investment of \$1 million in a Fund is required. The Distributor or the Adviser, in its sole discretion may waive these minimum dollar requirements.
- ◆ Investors purchasing Class A shares during certain promotional periods and events.
- ◆ Customers of financial intermediaries that have a contractual arrangement with the Distributor or Adviser where such contract provides for the waiver of the front-end sales charge. Each such contractual arrangement with a financial intermediary is described in Appendix A to the Funds' prospectus (Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers and Discounts).

The Funds also reserve the right to enter into agreements that reduce or eliminate sales charges for groups or classes of shareholders, or for Fund shares included in other investment plans such as “wrap accounts.” If you own Fund shares as part of another account or package, such as an IRA or a sweep account, you should read the terms and conditions that apply for that account. Those terms and conditions may supersede the terms and conditions discussed here. Contact your selling agent for further information.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

More About Class C Shares

Class C shares of the Funds are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge. This means that 100% of your initial investment is placed into shares of a Fund. Class C shares pay up to 1.00% on an annualized basis of the average daily net assets as reimbursement or compensation for distribution-related activities with respect to the Fund and/or shareholder services. Over time, fees paid under this distribution and service plan will increase the cost of a Class C shareholder's investment and may cost more than other types of sales charges.

The Adviser will advance to Selling Brokers, or other financial intermediaries that have entered into distribution agreements with the Distributor, 1.00% of the purchase price of Class C shares from the Adviser's own resources, at the time of purchase. In connection with this advance, for the first year following purchase, the Distributor will receive the distribution and/or shareholder service fees pertaining to such Class C shares and will utilize these amounts received to pay Fund related expenses that the Adviser would otherwise have to pay. For Class C shares held for over a year, the Funds' Distributor will pay the Class C shares distribution and/or shareholder service fees to Selling Brokers, or other financial intermediaries that have entered into distribution agreements with the Distributor.

If you redeem Class C shares within one year after purchase, you will be charged a CDSC of up to 1.00%. The charge will apply to the lesser of the original cost of the Class C shares being redeemed or the proceeds of your redemption and will be calculated without regard to any redemption fee. When you redeem Class C shares, the redemption order is processed so that the lowest CDSC is charged. Class C shares that are not subject to a CDSC are redeemed first. In addition, you will not be charged a CDSC when you redeem shares that you acquired through reinvestment of Fund dividends or capital gains. Any CDSC paid on the redemptions of Class C shares expressed as a percentage of the applicable redemption amount may be higher or lower than the charge described due to rounding. See Appendix A for a description of certain Class C CDSC waivers and automatic conversions to Class A provided to customers of financial intermediaries that have a contractual arrangement with the Distributor or Adviser.

The minimum initial investment in Class C shares of the Funds is \$2,500 (\$1,000 for IRAs and other retirement plans). The minimum subsequent investment in Class C shares of the Funds is \$100 (also \$100 for IRAs and other retirement plans). There is no minimum initial or subsequent investment requirement for qualified retirement plans or other defined contribution plans and defined benefit plans that invest in Class C shares of the Funds through omnibus arrangements. Each Fund may waive or reduce its minimum initial or subsequent investment amount from time to time in the sole discretion of the Adviser.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

More About Class I Shares

Class I shares may be purchased without the imposition of any sales charges. Each Fund offers Class I shares primarily for direct investment by investors such as pension and profit-sharing plans, employee benefit trusts, endowments, foundations, corporations and high net worth individuals. Class I shares may also be offered through certain financial intermediaries (including broker-dealers) and their agents in fee based and other programs. In these programs financial intermediaries have made arrangements with the Funds and are authorized to buy and sell shares of the Funds that charge their customers transaction or other distribution or service fees with respect to their customers' investments in the Funds. Class I shares are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge, and are not subject to 12b-1 distribution fees. The minimum initial investment for Class I shares is \$2,500 for each Fund. The minimum subsequent investment amount for each Fund is \$100. Each Fund may waive or reduce its minimum investment amount from time to time in the sole discretion of the Adviser.

Purchasing Shares

Purchase by Mail. To purchase a Fund's shares by mail, simply complete and sign the Account Application and mail it, along with a check made payable to "Centerstone Investors Fund" or the "Centerstone International Fund," as applicable to:

via regular mail:

Centerstone Investors Fund
Centerstone International Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, NE 68154

via overnight mail:

Centerstone Investors Fund
Centerstone International Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100
Elkhorn, NE 68022-3474

Purchase through Brokers. You may invest in the Funds through brokers or agents who have entered into selling agreements with the Funds' Distributor. The brokers and agents are authorized to receive purchase and redemption orders on behalf of the Funds. A Fund will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker or its designee receives the order. The broker or agent may set their own initial and subsequent investment minimums. You may be charged a fee if you use a broker or agent to buy or redeem shares of a Fund. Finally, various servicing agents use procedures and impose restrictions that may be in addition to, or different from those applicable to investors purchasing shares directly from a Fund. You should carefully read the program materials provided to you by your servicing agent.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Purchase by Wire. If you wish to wire money to make an investment in a Fund, please call the Fund at 877.314.9006 for wiring instructions and to notify the Fund that a wire transfer is coming. Any commercial bank can transfer same-day funds via wire. The Funds normally accept wired funds for investment on the day received if they are received by the Funds' designated bank before the close of regular trading on the NYSE. Your bank may charge you a fee for wiring same-day funds.

Automated Clearing House Purchase. Current shareholders may purchase additional shares via Automated Clearing House ("ACH") when accounts are established online at centerstoneinv.com. To have this option added to your account, please send a letter to the Fund requesting this option and supply a voided check for the bank account. Only bank accounts held at domestic institutions that are ACH members may be used for these transactions.

You may not use ACH transactions for your initial purchase of Fund shares unless opening the account online. ACH purchases will be effective at the closing price per share on the business day after the order is placed. The Funds may alter, modify or terminate this purchase option at any time.

Shares purchased by ACH will not be available for redemption until the transactions have cleared. Shares purchased via ACH transfer may take up to 15 days to clear.

To establish internet transaction privileges, you must enroll through the website. You automatically have the ability to establish internet transaction privileges unless you decline the privileges on your New Account Application or IRA Application. You will be required to enter into a user's agreement through the website in order to enroll in these privileges. To purchase shares through the website, you must also have ACH instructions on your account. Redemption proceeds may be sent to you by check to the address on record, or if your account has existing bank information, by wire or ACH. Only bank accounts held at domestic financial institutions that are ACH members can be used for transactions through the Funds' website. Transactions through the website are subject to the same minimums and maximums as other transaction methods. Please call 877.314.9006 for assistance in establishing online access.

You should be aware that the internet is an unsecured, unstable, unregulated and unpredictable environment. Your ability to use the website for transactions is dependent upon the internet and equipment, software, systems, data and services provided by various vendors and third parties. While the Funds and their service providers have established certain security procedures, the Funds, their distributor and their transfer agent cannot assure you that trading information will be completely secure.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

There may also be delays, malfunctions, or other inconveniences generally associated with this medium. There also may be times when the website is unavailable for Fund transactions or other purposes. Should this happen, you should consider purchasing or redeeming shares by another method. Neither the Funds nor their transfer agent, distributor nor Advisor will be liable for any such delays or malfunctions or unauthorized interception or access to communications or account information.

Automatic Investment Plan. You may participate in the Funds' Automatic Investment Plan, an investment plan that automatically moves money from your bank account and invests it in a Fund through the use of electronic funds transfers or automatic bank drafts. You may elect to make subsequent investments by transfers of a minimum of \$100 on specified days of each month into your established Fund account. Please contact the Funds at 877.314.9006 for more information about the Funds' Automatic Investment Plan. Minimum initial investment requirements may be waived for Automatic Investment Plan investors, at a Fund's discretion.

Each Fund, however, reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any application to purchase shares. Applications will not be accepted unless they are accompanied by a check drawn on a U.S. bank, thrift institutions, or credit union in U.S. funds for the full amount of the shares to be purchased. After you open an account, you may purchase additional shares by sending a check together with written instructions stating the name(s) on the account and the account number, to the above address. Make all checks payable to **“Centerstone Investors Fund”** or **“Centerstone International Fund”** as applicable. Cash, third party checks (except for properly endorsed IRA rollover checks), counter checks, starter checks, traveler's checks, money orders, credit card checks, and checks drawn on non-U.S. financial institutions will not be accepted. Cashier's checks, bank official checks, and bank money orders are reviewed on a case-by-case basis and may be accepted under certain circumstances. In such cases, a 15-business day hold will be applied to the Funds (which means that you may not redeem your shares until the holding period has expired).

Note: Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, the Funds' transfer agent (the “Transfer Agent”), will charge a \$25 fee against a shareholder's account, in addition to any loss sustained by a Fund, for any returned and uncleared electronic payment or check or electronic payment returned to the Transfer Agent for insufficient funds.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Anti-Money Laundering Program. The USA PATRIOT Act requires financial institutions, including the Funds, to adopt certain policies and programs to prevent money-laundering activities, including procedures to verify the identity of customers opening new accounts. As requested on the application, you should supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. Mailing addresses containing a P.O. Box will not be accepted. This information will assist a Fund in verifying your identity. Until such verification is made, a Fund may temporarily limit additional share purchases. In addition, a Fund may limit additional share purchases or close an account if it is unable to verify a shareholder's identity. As required by law, a Fund may employ various procedures, such as comparing the information to fraud databases or requesting additional information or documentation from you, to ensure that the information supplied by you is correct.

In order to ensure compliance with these laws, the Account Application asks for, among other things, the following information for all "customers" seeking to open an "account" (as those terms are defined in rules adopted pursuant to the USA PATRIOT Act):

- ♦ full name;
- ♦ date of birth (individuals only);
- ♦ Social Security or taxpayer identification number; and
- ♦ permanent street address (P.O. Box only is not acceptable).

Accounts opened by entities, such as corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships or trusts, will require additional documentation.

Please note that if any information listed above is missing, your Account Application will be returned and your account will not be opened. In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act and other applicable anti-money laundering laws and regulations, the Transfer Agent will verify the information on your application as part of the Program. The Funds reserve the right to request additional clarifying information and may close your account if such clarifying information is not received by a Fund within a reasonable time of the request or if a Fund cannot form a reasonable belief as to the true identity of a customer. If you require additional assistance when completing your Account Application, please contact the Transfer Agent at 877.314.9006.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

How to Redeem Shares

Each Fund typically expects that it will take up to three business days following the receipt of your redemption request to pay out redemptions by check or electronic transfer. Each Fund typically expects to pay redemptions from cash, cash equivalents, proceeds from the sale of Fund shares, any lines of credit, and then from the sale of Fund securities. These redemption payment methods will be used in regular and stressed market conditions.

You may redeem all or any portion of the shares credited to your account by submitting a written request for redemption to:

via regular mail:

Centerstone Investors Fund
Centerstone International Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, NE 68154

via overnight mail:

Centerstone Investors Fund
Centerstone International Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100
Elkhorn, NE 68022-3474

Redemptions by Telephone: The telephone redemption privilege is automatically available to all new accounts. If you do not want the telephone redemption privilege, you must indicate this in the appropriate area on your account application or you must write to a Fund and instruct it to remove this privilege from your account. If you own an IRA, you will be asked whether or not the Funds should withhold federal income tax.

The proceeds, which are equal to number of shares times NAV less any applicable deferred sales charges, will be sent by mail to the address designated on your account or wired directly to your existing account in a bank or brokerage firm in the United States as designated on your application. To redeem by telephone, call 877.314.9006. If you own an IRA, you will be asked whether or not the Fund(s) should withhold federal income tax.

During periods of high market activity, you may encounter higher than usual wait times. Please allow sufficient time to ensure that you will be able to complete your telephone transaction prior to market close. Neither the Funds nor their Transfer Agent will be held liable if you are unable to place your trade due to high call volume.

The Funds reserve the right to suspend the telephone redemption privileges with respect to your account if the name(s) or the address on the account has been changed within the previous 30 days. Neither the Funds, the Transfer Agent nor their respective affiliates will be liable for complying with telephone instructions

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

they reasonably believe to be genuine or for any loss, damage, cost or expenses in acting on such telephone instructions and you will be required to bear the risk of any such loss. The Funds or the Transfer Agent, or both, will employ reasonable procedures to determine that telephone instructions are genuine. If the Funds and/or the Transfer Agent do not employ these procedures, they may be liable to you for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. These procedures may include, among others, requiring forms of personal identification prior to acting upon telephone instructions, providing written confirmation of the transactions and/or tape recording telephone instructions.

Redemptions through Broker: If shares of a Fund are held by a broker-dealer, financial institution or other servicing agent, you must contact that servicing agent to redeem shares of a Fund. The servicing agent may charge a fee for this service.

Redemptions by Wire: You may request that your redemption proceeds be wired directly to your bank account. The Funds' Transfer Agent imposes a \$15 fee for each wire redemption and deducts the fee directly from your account. Your bank may also impose a fee for the incoming wire.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan: If your individual accounts, IRA or other qualified plan account have a current account value of at least \$10,000, you may participate in the Funds' Systematic Withdrawal Plan, an investment plan that automatically moves money to your bank account from a Fund through the use of electronic funds transfers. You may elect to make subsequent withdrawals by transfers of a minimum of \$100 on specified days of each month into your established bank account. Please contact the Funds at 877.314.9006 for more information about the Funds' Systematic Withdrawal Plan.

How Redemptions are Paid: The Funds generally pay redemption proceeds in cash (although the Funds reserve the right to redeem in-kind as discussed below). The Funds typically expect to satisfy redemption requests by selling portfolio assets or by using holdings of cash or cash equivalents. On a less regular basis, the Funds may also satisfy redemption requests by drawing on a line of credit.

Redemptions in Kind: The Funds reserve the right to honor requests for redemption or repurchase orders made by a shareholder during any 90-day period by making payment in whole or in part in portfolio securities ("redemption in kind") if the amount of such a request is large enough to affect operations (if the request is greater than the lesser of \$250,000 or 1% of a Fund's net assets at the beginning of the 90-day period). The securities will be chosen by a Fund and valued using the same procedures as used in calculating the Fund's NAV. A shareholder may incur transaction expenses in converting these securities to cash and the shareholder will bear market risk until the securities are converted to cash.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Exchange Privilege: You may exchange shares of a particular class of one Fund only for shares of the same class of the other Fund. For example, you can exchange Class A shares of the Centerstone Investors Fund for Class A shares of the Centerstone International Fund. Shares of a Fund may be exchanged without payment of any exchange fee for shares of the other Fund of the same class at their respective NAVs, given that the accounts have the same registration. Minimums to establish or subsequent purchase minimums apply. Shares of the Fund selected for exchange must be available for sale in your state of residence. You must meet the minimum investment requirements for the Fund whose shares you acquire by exchange. For tax purposes, exchanges of shares involve a sale of shares of the Fund you own and a purchase of the shares of the other Fund, which may result in a capital gain or loss. In order to exchange shares of a Fund on a particular day, the Fund or its designated agent must receive your request before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) that day. Exchanges are made at the NAV determined after the order is considered received. You will not be charged the upfront sales charge on exchanges of Class A shares.

Converting Shares: Shareholders of a Fund may elect on a voluntary basis to convert their shares in one class of the Fund into shares of a different class of the same Fund, subject to satisfying the eligibility requirements for investment in the new share class.

Shares held through a financial intermediary offering different programs and fee structures that has an agreement with the Adviser or the Funds' distributor may be converted by the financial intermediary, without notice, to another share class of the Funds, including share classes with a higher expense ratio than the original share class, if such conversion is consistent with the fee based or wrap fee program's policies.

All permissible conversions will be made on the basis of the relevant NAVs of the two classes without the imposition of any front-end sales load. A share conversion within a Fund will not result in a capital gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. The Funds may change, suspend or terminate these conversion features at any time.

When Redemptions are Sent: Once a Fund receives your redemption request in "good order" as described below, it will issue a check based on the next determined NAV following your redemption request. If you purchase shares using a check and soon after request a redemption, your redemption proceeds will not be sent until the check used for your purchase has cleared your bank.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Good Order: Your redemption request will be processed if it is in “good order.” To be in good order, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- The request should be in writing, unless redeeming by telephone, indicating the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed;
- The request must identify your account number;
- The request should be signed by you and any other person listed on the account, exactly as the shares are registered; and
- If you request that the redemption proceeds be sent to a person, bank or an address other than that of record or paid to someone other than the record owner(s), or if the address was changed within the last 30 days, or if the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000, the signature(s) on the request must be medallion signature guaranteed by an eligible signature guarantor.

When You Need Medallion Signature Guarantees: If you wish to change the bank or brokerage account that you have designated on your account, you may do so at any time by writing to a Fund with your signature guaranteed. A medallion signature guarantee assures that a signature is genuine and protects you from unauthorized account transfers. You will need your signature guaranteed if:

- you request a redemption to be made payable to a person not on record with a Fund;
- you request that a redemption be mailed to an address other than that on record with a Fund;
- the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000;
- any redemption is transmitted by federal wire transfer to a bank other than the bank of record; or
- your address was changed within 30 days of your redemption request.

Signatures may be guaranteed by any eligible guarantor institution (including banks, brokers and dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations). Further documentation will be required to change the designated account if shares are held by a corporation, fiduciary or other organization. *A notary public cannot guarantee signatures.*

Retirement Plans: If you own an IRA or other retirement plan, you must indicate on your redemption request whether a Fund should withhold federal income tax. Unless you elect in your redemption request that you do not want to have federal tax withheld, the redemption will be subject to withholding.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Low Balances: If at any time your account balance falls below \$1,250 for Class A, Class C and Class I shares, a Fund may notify you that, unless the account is brought up to at least \$1,250 for Class A, Class C shares and Class I shares within 60 days of the notice; your account could be closed. After the notice period, a Fund may redeem all of your shares and close your account by sending you a check to the address of record. Your account will not be closed if the account balance drops below the required minimum due to a decline in NAV.

Frequent Purchases and Redemptions of Fund Shares

The Funds discourage and do not accommodate market timing. Frequent trading into and out of a Fund can harm all Fund shareholders by disrupting the Fund's investment strategies, increasing Fund expenses, decreasing tax efficiency and diluting the value of shares held by long-term shareholders. The Funds are designed for long-term investors and are not intended for market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Accordingly, the Board has approved policies that seek to curb these disruptive activities while recognizing that shareholders may have a legitimate need to adjust their Fund investments as their financial needs or circumstances change. The Funds currently use several methods to reduce the risk of market timing, including:

- Committing staff to review, on a continuing basis, recent trading activity in order to identify trading activity that may be contrary to the Funds' "Market Timing Trading Policy;"
- Rejecting or limiting specific purchase requests; and
- Rejecting purchase requests from certain investors.

Though these methods involve judgments that are inherently subjective and involve some selectivity in their application, a Fund seeks to make judgments and applications that are consistent with the interests of the Fund's shareholders.

The Funds reserve the right to reject or restrict purchase or exchange requests for any reason, particularly when the shareholder's trading activity suggests that the shareholder may be engaged in market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Neither the Funds nor the Adviser will be liable for any losses resulting from rejected purchase or exchange orders. The Adviser may also bar an investor who has violated these policies (and the investor's financial adviser) from opening new accounts with the Funds.

Although the Funds attempt to limit disruptive trading activities, some investors use a variety of strategies to hide their identities and their trading practices. There can be no guarantee that the Funds will be able to identify or limit these activities. Omnibus account arrangements are common forms of holding shares of the Fund. While the Funds will encourage financial intermediaries to apply the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy to their

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

customers who invest indirectly in a Fund, the Funds are limited in their ability to monitor the trading activity or enforce the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy with respect to customers of financial intermediaries. For example, should it occur, a Fund may not be able to detect market timing that may be facilitated by financial intermediaries or made difficult to identify in the omnibus accounts used by those intermediaries for aggregated purchases, exchanges and redemptions on behalf of all their customers. More specifically, unless the financial intermediaries have the ability to apply the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers through such methods as implementing short-term trading limitations or restrictions and monitoring trading activity for what might be market timing, a Fund may not be able to determine whether trading by customers of financial intermediaries is contrary to the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy. Brokers maintaining omnibus accounts with the Funds have agreed to provide shareholder transaction information to the extent known to the broker to the Funds upon request. If the Funds or their Transfer Agent or shareholder servicing agent suspects there is market timing activity in the account, the Funds will seek full cooperation from the service provider maintaining the account to identify the underlying participant. At the request of the Adviser, the service providers may take immediate action to stop any further short-term trading by such participants.

Tax Status, Dividends and Distributions

Any sale or exchange of a Funds' shares may generate tax liability (unless you are a tax-exempt investor or your investment is in a qualified retirement account). When you redeem your shares, you may realize a taxable gain or loss. This is measured by the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the tax basis for the shares you sold. (To aid in computing your tax basis, you generally should retain your account statements for the period that you hold shares in a Fund.)

Each Fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net capital gains annually in December. Both distributions will be reinvested in shares of the applicable Fund unless you elect to receive cash. Dividends from net investment income (including any excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss) are taxable to investors as ordinary income, while distributions of net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss) are generally taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of your holding period for the shares. Any dividends or capital gain distributions you receive from a Fund will normally be taxable to you when made, regardless of whether you reinvest dividends or capital gain distributions or receive them in cash. Certain dividends or distributions declared in October, November or December will be taxed to shareholders as if received in December if they are paid during the following January. Each year, each Fund will inform you of the amount and type of your distributions. IRAs and other qualified retirement plans are exempt from federal income taxation until retirement proceeds are paid out to the participant.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Your redemptions, including exchanges, may result in a capital gain or loss for federal tax purposes. A capital gain or loss on your investment is the difference between the cost of your shares, including any sales charges, and the amount you receive when you sell them.

The Funds must report to the IRS and furnish to shareholders the cost basis information for shares purchased and sold. The Funds have chosen average cost as their standing (default) tax lot identification method for all shareholders, which means the Funds will use this method to determine which specific shares are deemed to be sold when there are multiple purchases on different dates at differing NAVs, and the entire position is not sold at one time. Shareholders may, however, choose a method other than the Funds' standing method at the time of their purchase or upon sale of covered shares. Shareholders should consult their tax advisors to determine the best IRS-accepted cost basis method for their tax situation and to obtain more information about how cost basis reporting applies to them. Shareholders also should carefully review the cost basis information provided to them by the Funds and make any additional basis, holding period or other adjustments that are required when reporting these amounts on their federal income tax returns.

On the account application, you will be asked to certify that your social security number or taxpayer identification number is correct and that you are not subject to backup withholding for failing to report income to the IRS. If you are subject to backup withholding or you did not certify your taxpayer identification number, the IRS requires the Funds to withhold a percentage of any dividend, redemption or exchange proceeds. The Funds reserve the right to reject any application that does not include a certified social security or taxpayer identification number. If you do not have a social security number, you should indicate on the purchase form that your application to obtain a number is pending. Each Fund is required to withhold taxes if a number is not delivered to the Fund within seven days.

This summary is not intended to be and should not be construed to be legal or tax advice. You should consult your own tax advisors to determine the tax consequences of owning a Fund's shares.

Distribution of Fund Shares

The Distributor

Northern Lights Distributors, LLC is located at 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100, Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-3474, and serves as distributor and principal underwriter to the Funds. The Distributor is a registered broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"). Shares of the Funds are offered on a continuous basis.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Distribution and Shareholder Servicing (12b-1) Plan

Each Fund has adopted a Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 (the “Plan”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, for Class A shares and Class C shares. Under the Plan, Class A shares and Class C shares of the Funds are authorized to pay the Distributor, or such other entities as approved by the Board, a fee for the promotion and distribution of each Fund and the provision of personal services to shareholders. The maximum amount of the fee authorized is 0.25% of each Fund’s average daily net assets annually for the Class A shares and 1.00% of each Fund’s average daily net assets annually for the Class C shares. The Distributor may pay any or all amounts received under the Plan to other persons, including the Adviser, for any distribution or service activity. Because these fees are paid out of each Fund’s assets on an on-going basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment in a Fund and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

In addition to the fees paid under the Plan, each Fund may pay service fees to intermediaries such as banks, broker-dealers, financial advisers or other financial institutions, including the Adviser and affiliates of the Adviser, for sub-administration, sub-transfer agency and other shareholder services associated with shareholders whose shares are held of record in omnibus, other group accounts or accounts traded through registered securities clearing agents.

Additional Compensation to Financial Intermediaries

The Distributor, its affiliates and the Adviser, out of its own resources, and without additional cost to the Funds or its shareholders, may provide additional cash payments or non-cash compensation to intermediaries who sell shares of the Funds. Such payments and compensation are in addition to service fees paid by the Funds, if any. These additional cash payments are generally made to intermediaries that provide shareholder servicing, marketing support and/or access to sales meetings, sales representatives and management representatives of the intermediary. Cash compensation may also be paid to intermediaries for inclusion of the Funds on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, in other sales programs or as an expense reimbursement in cases where the intermediary provides shareholder services to the Funds’ shareholders. The Adviser may also pay cash compensation in the form of finder’s fees that vary depending on the dollar amount of the shares sold.

Householding

To reduce expenses, the Funds mail only one copy of the Prospectus and each Annual and Semi-annual Report to those addresses shared by accounts that have elected to receive paper copies of these documents. If you wish to receive individual copies of these documents, please call the Funds at 877.314.9006 on days the Funds are open for business or contact your financial institution. The Funds will begin sending you individual copies thirty days after receiving your request.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table below is intended to help investors understand the Funds' financial performance for the past 5 years. Certain information reflects financial results for a single share of the Fund. The total returns in the tables represent the rate of return that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in shares of the Funds, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. The Predecessor Funds commenced operations on May 3, 2016. The returns shown below for periods prior to the Reorganization on March 5, 2021 are for the Predecessor Funds. The information for each of the periods ended March 31 are from the Funds' financial statements which have been audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd., the Funds' independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, is included in the March 31, 2024 Annual Report. The Annual Report and Semi-annual Report are also available upon request and without charge by calling 877.314.9006 or by visiting www.centerstoneinv.com.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

The table sets forth financial data for one share of beneficial interest outstanding in each year:

	Net asset value, beginning of year	Income from investment operations:			Less distributions:		
		Net investment income*	Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	Total income (loss) from investment operations	From net investment income	From net realized gains	Total distributions
Class I							
Year Ended March 31, 2024	\$12.18	0.18	0.43	0.61	(0.19)	–	(0.19)
Year Ended March 31, 2023	\$12.70	0.17	(0.49)	(0.32)	–	(0.20)	(0.20)
Year Ended March 31, 2022	\$13.07	0.10	(0.31)	(0.21)	(0.16)	–	(0.16)
Year Ended March 31, 2021	\$8.59	0.08	4.48	4.56	(0.08)	–	(0.08)
Year Ended March 31, 2020	\$11.18	0.12	(2.46)	(2.34)	(0.16)	(0.09)	(0.25)
Class A							
Year Ended March 31, 2024	\$12.11	0.16	0.40	0.56	(0.15)	–	(0.15)
Year Ended March 31, 2023	\$12.65	0.13	(0.47)	(0.34)	–	(0.20)	(0.20)
Year Ended March 31, 2022	\$13.02	0.06	(0.30)	(0.24)	(0.13)	–	(0.13)
Year Ended March 31, 2021	\$8.56	0.05	4.46	4.51	(0.05)	–	(0.05)
Year Ended March 31, 2020	\$11.14	0.09	(2.45)	(2.36)	(0.13)	(0.09)	(0.22)
Class C							
Year Ended March 31, 2024	\$11.86	0.06	0.40	0.46	(0.05)	–	(0.05)
Year Ended March 31, 2023	\$12.49	0.04	(0.47)	(0.43)	–	(0.20)	(0.20)
Year Ended March 31, 2022	\$12.85	(0.04)	(0.29)	(0.33)	(0.03)	–	(0.03)
Year Ended March 31, 2021	\$8.47	(0.03)	4.41	4.38	–	–	–
Year Ended March 31, 2020	\$11.03	0.01	(2.43)	(2.42)	(0.05)	(0.09)	(0.14)

* The net investment income per share data was determined using the average shares outstanding throughout the year.

- (1) Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.
- (2) Assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions, if any. Total return does not reflect any sales charges, if any, or the deductions of taxes that a shareholder would pay on distributions or on the redemption of shares.
- (3) The ratios include 0.00% and 0.02% for the years ended March 31, 2022, and March 31, 2021, respectively, attributed to dividends from securities sold short.
- (4) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and, consequently, the net asset value for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

CENTERSTONE INVESTORS FUND

Paid in capital from redemption fees	Net asset value, end of year	Total return ⁽²⁾	Ratios/ Supplemental Data:	Ratios of expenses to average net assets		Ratios of net investment income (loss) to average net assets		Portfolio turnover rate
			Net assets, end of year (in 000s)	Before fee waivers	After fee waivers	Before fee waivers	After fee waivers	
–	\$12.60	5.14% ⁽⁴⁾	\$140,431	1.21%	1.10%	1.41%	1.52%	36.42%
–	\$12.18	(2.47)%	\$161,527	1.15%	1.10%	1.37%	1.41%	44.27%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$12.70	(1.58)%	\$248,482	1.11% ⁽³⁾	1.10% ⁽³⁾	0.71% ⁽³⁾	0.72% ⁽³⁾	31.56%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$13.07	53.22%	\$237,904	1.23% ⁽³⁾	1.12% ⁽³⁾	0.60% ⁽³⁾	0.72% ⁽³⁾	34.65%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$8.59	(21.46)%	\$221,360	1.17%	1.10%	1.04%	1.11%	49.72%
–	\$12.52	4.75% ⁽⁴⁾	\$17,397	1.46%	1.35%	1.20%	1.31%	36.42%
–	\$12.11	(2.64)%	\$21,500	1.40%	1.35%	1.06%	1.11%	44.27%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$12.32	(1.84)%	\$24,982	1.36% ⁽³⁾	1.35% ⁽³⁾	0.46% ⁽³⁾	0.47% ⁽³⁾	31.56%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$13.02	52.79%	\$25,590	1.48% ⁽³⁾	1.37% ⁽³⁾	0.34% ⁽³⁾	0.45% ⁽³⁾	34.65%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$8.56	(21.63)%	\$18,764	1.42%	1.35%	0.75%	0.82%	49.72%
–	\$12.27	3.95% ⁽⁴⁾	\$8,737	2.21%	2.10%	0.41%	0.51%	36.42%
–	\$11.86	(3.40)%	\$9,554	2.15%	2.10%	0.30%	0.35%	44.27%
–	\$12.49	(2.56)%	\$11,632	2.11% ⁽³⁾	2.10% ⁽³⁾	(0.29)% ⁽³⁾	(0.28)% ⁽³⁾	31.56%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$12.85	51.71%	\$12,256	2.23% ⁽³⁾	2.12% ⁽³⁾	(0.40)% ⁽³⁾	(0.28)% ⁽³⁾	34.65%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$8.47	(22.24)%	\$11,637	2.17%	2.10%	0.03%	0.11%	49.72%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

The table sets forth financial data for one share of beneficial interest outstanding in each year:

	Net asset value, beginning of year	Income from investment operations:			Less distributions:			
		Net investment income*	Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	Total income (loss) from investment operations	From net investment income	From net realized gains	Tax return of capital	Total distributions
Class I								
Year Ended March 31, 2024	\$10.30	0.26	(0.39)	(0.13)	(0.29)	–	–	(0.29)
Year Ended March 31, 2023	\$10.62	0.18	(0.24)	(0.06)	(0.26)	–	–	(0.26)
Year Ended March 31, 2022	\$11.29	0.11	(0.53)	(0.42)	(0.24)	–	(0.01)	(0.25)
Year Ended March 31, 2021	\$7.98	0.09	3.30	3.39	(0.08)	–	–	(0.08)
Year Ended March 31, 2020	\$10.97	0.16	(2.92)	(2.76)	(0.21)	(0.02)	–	(0.23)
Class A								
Year Ended March 31, 2024	\$10.43	0.21	(0.36)	(0.15)	(0.26)	–	–	(0.26)
Year Ended March 31, 2023	\$10.61	0.20	(0.28)	(0.08)	(0.10)	–	–	(0.10)
Year Ended March 31, 2022	\$11.28	0.08	(0.53)	(0.45)	(0.21)	–	(0.01)	(0.22)
Year Ended March 31, 2021	\$7.98	0.06	3.29	3.35	(0.05)	–	–	(0.05)
Year Ended March 31, 2020	\$10.96	0.15	(2.93)	(2.78)	(0.18)	(0.02)	–	(0.20)
Class C								
Year Ended March 31, 2024	\$10.20	0.13	(0.36)	(0.23)	(0.18)	–	–	(0.18)
Year Ended March 31, 2023	\$10.50	0.08	(0.23)	(0.15)	(0.15)	–	–	(0.15)
Year Ended March 31, 2022	\$11.14	0.00 ⁽¹⁾	(0.53)	(0.53)	(0.11)	–	(0.00) ⁽¹⁾	(0.11)
Year Ended March 31, 2021	\$7.90	0.00 ⁽¹⁾	3.24	3.24	–	–	–	–
Year Ended March 31, 2020	\$10.85	0.05	(2.88)	(2.83)	(0.10)	(0.02)	–	(0.12)

* The net investment income per share data was determined using the average shares outstanding throughout the year.

(1) Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.

(2) Assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions, if any. Total return does not reflect any sales charges, if any, or the deductions of taxes that a shareholder would pay on distributions or on the redemption of shares.

(3) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and, consequently, the net asset value for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

CENTERSTONE INTERNATIONAL FUND

Paid in capital from redemption fees	Net asset value, end of year	Total return ⁽²⁾	Ratios/ Supplemental Data:	Ratios of expenses to average net assets		Ratios of net investment income (loss) to average net assets		Portfolio turnover rate
			Net assets, end of year (in 000s)	Before fee waivers	After fee waivers	Before fee waivers	After fee waivers	
–	\$9.88	(1.22)% ⁽³⁾	\$8,270	2.76%	1.10%	0.84%	2.50%	20.42%
–	\$10.30	(0.36)% ⁽³⁾	\$15,293	1.66%	1.10%	1.34%	1.89%	15.90%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$10.62	(3.74)%	\$27,168	1.45%	1.10%	0.63%	0.98%	19.69%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$11.29	42.49%	\$53,982	1.62%	1.10%	0.42%	0.94%	22.87%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$7.98	(25.70)%	\$65,732	1.30%	1.10%	1.25%	1.45%	30.37%
–	\$10.02	(1.40)%	\$969	3.01%	1.35%	0.33%	2.09%	20.42%
–	\$10.43	(0.66)%	\$1,316	1.91%	1.35%	1.38%	2.11%	15.90%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$10.61	(4.00)%	\$10,978	1.70%	1.35%	0.34%	0.73%	19.69%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$11.28	42.03%	\$12,019	1.87%	1.35%	0.10%	0.63%	22.87%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$7.98	(25.84)%	\$11,919	1.55%	1.35%	1.15%	1.35%	30.37%
–	\$9.79	(2.20)% ⁽³⁾	\$352	3.76%	2.10%	(0.44)%	1.33%	20.42%
–	\$10.20	(1.35)% ⁽³⁾	\$491	2.66%	2.10%	0.21%	0.81%	15.90%
–	\$10.50	(4.73)%	\$726	2.45%	2.10%	(0.39)%	(0.02)%	19.69%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$11.14	41.01%	\$1,032	2.62%	2.10%	(0.57)%	(0.04)%	22.87%
0.00 ⁽¹⁾	\$7.90	(26.39)%	\$1,696	2.30%	2.10%	0.30%	0.50%	30.37%

FACTS WHAT DOES NORTHERN LIGHTS FUND TRUST III DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?

Why? Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.

The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:

- What?**
- ♦ Social Security number
 - ♦ Assets
 - ♦ Retirement Assets
 - ♦ Transaction History
 - ♦ Checking Account Information
 - ♦ Purchase History
 - ♦ Account Balances
 - ♦ Account Transactions
 - ♦ Wire Transfer Instructions

When you are *no longer* our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.

How? All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Northern Lights Fund Trust III chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does Northern Lights Fund Trust III share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes – such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes – to offer our products and services to you	No	We don't share
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your transactions and experiences	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness	No	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	No	We don't share

Questions? Call (631) 490-4300

Who we are

Who is providing this notice? Northern Lights Fund Trust III

What we do

How does Northern Lights Fund Trust III protect my personal information? To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.

Our service providers are held accountable for adhering to strict policies and procedures to prevent any misuse of your nonpublic personal information.

How does Northern Lights Fund Trust III collect my personal information?

We collect your personal information, for example, when you

- ◆ Open an account
- ◆ Provide account information
- ◆ Give us your contact information
- ◆ Make deposits or withdrawals from your account
- ◆ Make a wire transfer
- ◆ Tell us where to send the money
- ◆ Tells us who receives the money
- ◆ Show your government-issued ID
- ◆ Show your driver's license

We also collect your personal information from other companies.

Why can't I limit all sharing?

Federal law gives you the right to limit only:

- ◆ Sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your creditworthiness
- ◆ Affiliates from using your information to market to you
- ◆ Sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you.

State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.

Definitions

Affiliates Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.

- ◆ Northern Lights Fund Trust III does not share with our affiliates.

Nonaffiliates Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies

- ◆ Northern Lights Fund Trust III does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.

Joint marketing A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.

- ◆ Northern Lights Fund Trust III doesn't jointly market.

NORTHERN LIGHTS FUND TRUST III

Investment Adviser

Centerstone Investors, LLC
228 Park Avenue S
Suite 75938
New York, NY 10003

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Cohen & Company, Ltd.
1835 Market St., Suite 310
Philadelphia, PA 19103

Legal Counsel

Thompson Hine LLP
41 South High Street, Suite 1700
Columbus, OH 43215

Custodian

State Street Bank and Trust Company
One Lincoln Street
Boston, MA 02111

Transfer Agent, Fund Accountant and Fund Administrator

Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
4221 North 203rd Street
Suite 100
Elkhorn, NE 68022-3474

Distributor

Northern Lights Distributors, LLC
4221 North 203rd Street
Suite 100
Elkhorn, NE 68022-3474

APPENDIX A

Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers and Discounts

The availability of initial and contingent deferred sales charge waivers and discounts may depend on the particular financial intermediary or type of account through which you purchase or hold Fund shares. Financial intermediaries may have different policies and procedures regarding the waivers and discounts set forth in this Appendix. These sales charge waivers and/or discounts are implemented and administered by the applicable financial intermediary.

The availability of certain specific policies and procedures regarding the possible conversion of Class C shares to Class A shares will depend on which financial intermediary you purchase your shares through. Intermediaries may have different policies and procedures regarding the availability of such conversion features. Purchasers should discuss these specific policies and procedures with their financial intermediary before purchasing shares of the Funds.

In all instances, it is an investor's responsibility to notify the financial intermediary of any facts that may qualify the investor for sales charge waivers or discounts. These waivers or discounts (and their terms and availability) may vary from those disclosed elsewhere in the Prospectus and are subject to change at any time. You may wish to contact your financial intermediary for more information regarding the sales charge waivers and discounts available to you and the intermediary's related policies and procedures, including with respect to eligibility requirements, and to ensure that you have the most current information regarding waivers and discounts available to you.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary stated elsewhere in this prospectus, shareholders purchasing Fund shares through Capital Management Securities, Inc. will be eligible for the load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or backend, sales charge waivers) and discounts, in addition to those disclosed elsewhere in this prospectus or the SAI for the Funds.

Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Raymond James Financial Services, Inc. & Raymond James affiliates (“Raymond James”):

The following information applies to Class A and Class C shares purchases if you have an account with or otherwise purchase Fund shares through Raymond James:

Effective March 1, 2019, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Raymond James platform or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment adviser for which Raymond James provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in the Funds’ prospectus or SAI.

Front-end sales load waivers on Class A shares available at Raymond James

- Shares purchased in an investment advisory program.
- Shares purchased within the same fund family through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family).
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- A shareholder in a Funds’ Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A shares of the Funds if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

CDSC Waivers on Classes A and C Shares Available at Raymond James

- Death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Funds’ prospectus.
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations as described in the Funds’ prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Front-End Load Discounts Available at Raymond James: Breakpoints, and/or Rights of Accumulation

- ♦ Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.
- ♦ Rights of accumulation which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Raymond James. Eligible fund family assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of rights of accumulation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- ♦ Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts on anticipated purchases within a fund family, over a 13-month time period. Eligible fund family assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

UBS Financial Services, Inc.:

Class I shares may also be available on brokerage platforms of firms that have agreements with the Funds' distributor to offer such shares solely when acting as an agent for the investor. An investor transacting in Class I shares in these programs may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker. Shares of the Funds are available in other share classes that have different fees and expenses.

ROBERT W. BAIRD & CO. ("Baird")

Effective June 15, 2020, shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Baird platform or account will only be eligible for the following sales charge waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and CDSC waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this prospectus or the SAI.

Front-End Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Baird

- ♦ Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same Fund.
- ♦ Shares purchased by employees and registered representatives of Baird or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Baird.
- ♦ Shares purchased using the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same accounts, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge (known as rights of reinstatement).

- ♦ A shareholder in the Funds' Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A shares of the same Fund if the shares are no longer subject to CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Baird.
- ♦ Employer-sponsored retirement plans or charitable accounts in a transactional brokerage account at Baird, including 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans. For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or SAR-SEPs.

CDSC Waivers on Class A and C Shares Available at Baird

- ♦ Shares sold due to death or disability of the shareholder.
- ♦ Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's Prospectus.
- ♦ Shares bought due to returns of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- ♦ Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable Internal Revenue Service regulations.
- ♦ Shares sold to pay Baird fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Baird.
- ♦ Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Front-End Sales Charge Discounts Available at Baird: Breakpoints and/or Rights of Accumulations

- ♦ Breakpoints as described in this Prospectus.
- ♦ Rights of accumulations which entitles shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of Fund assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Baird. Eligible Fund assets not held at Baird may be included in the rights of accumulations calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- ♦ Letters of Intent (LOI) allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases of Funds through Baird, over a 13-month period of time.

Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. (“OPCO”):

Effective June 25, 2020 shareholders purchasing Fund shares through an “OPCO” platform or account are eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund’s Prospectus or SAI.

Front-end Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares available at OPCO

- ◆ Employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan.
- ◆ Shares purchased by or through a 529 Plan.
- ◆ Shares purchased through an OPCO affiliated investment advisory program.
- ◆ Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family).
- ◆ Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Restatement).
- ◆ A shareholder in the Fund’s Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of OPCO.
- ◆ Employees and registered representatives of OPCO or its affiliates and their family members.
- ◆ Directors or Trustees of the Fund, and employees of the Fund’s investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in this Prospectus.

CDSC Waivers on A and C Shares available at OPCO

- ◆ Death or disability of the shareholder.
- ◆ Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's prospectus.
- ◆ Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- ◆ Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations as described in the prospectus.
- ◆ Shares sold to pay OPCO fees but only if the transaction is initiated by OPCO.
- ◆ Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Front-end load Discounts Available at OPCO: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation & Letters of Intent

- ◆ Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.
- ◆ Rights of Accumulation (ROA) which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at OPCO. Eligible fund family assets not held at OPCO may be included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated ("Stifel"):

Effective July 1, 2020, shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Stifel platform or account or who own shares for which Stifel or an affiliate is the broker-dealer of record are eligible for the following additional sales charge waiver.

Front-end Sales Load Waiver on Class A Shares

- ◆ Class C shares that have been held for more than seven (7) years will be converted to Class A shares of the same Fund pursuant to Stifel's policies and procedures.

[For More Information](#)

You can find more information about the Funds in the following documents:

Statement of Additional Information

The SAI provides additional details about the investments and techniques of the Funds and certain other additional information. A current SAI is on file with the SEC and is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference. This means that the SAI is legally considered a part of this Prospectus even though it is not physically within this Prospectus.

Annual and Semi-Annual Reports

Additional information about the Funds' investments is available in the Funds' annual and semi-annual reports. The annual report contains a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that affected the Funds' performance during the Funds' last fiscal year.

You can obtain a free copy of these documents, request other information, or make general inquiries about the Funds by calling the Funds (toll-free) at 877.314.9006, on the Funds' website, www.centerstoneinv.com, or by writing to:

**Centerstone Investors Fund or
Centerstone International Fund**
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100
Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-3474

Reports and other information about each Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of the information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

Investment Company Act File # 811-22655

